THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Repblican National Platform.

Vol. XIV. No. 11. *Antioch, Illinois Thursday, November 15, 1900.* ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE J. J. BURKE, Editor and Prop.

HILL'S

Department Drug Store

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded

A complete stock of

DRUGS, PERFUMES, TOILET ARTICLES, FINE CIGARS

ALLEGRETTIS' and GUNTHERS' CANDIES, ETC.

Two Registered Pharmacists. W. T. HILL, ANTIOCH, ILL.

OVERCOATS

FUR COATS

UNDERWEAR

SUITS

AT

WEBB BROS.



We Can't Tell a Lie.

The Democrats Were Defeated.

NOW TO BUSINESS.

I want your money in exchange for FURNITURE, Paints, Varnishes

Mezeron Varnish is the Best.

B P. S. Mixed Paints stand the test of time.

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.

Horse BLANKETS

I have just received a large invoice of horse blankets, extra well made and ranging in quality

From a Cheap Stable Blanket to the Best All Wool.

comparision with others will convince you

That My Stock is Away Up, Prices Away Down.

Headquarters for Stoves and Hardware

Call and Investigate.

P. P. AMES,

CHINN BLOCK, - - Antioch, Ill

THE FARMER'S INSTITUTE.

At Libertyville, December 6, 7 and 8. Program.

Arrangements are about complete for the Lake County Farmer's Institute which will be held in the Town House at Libertyville, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, December 6, 7 and 8. Following is the program as far as it has been possible to complete it:

THURSDAY, DEC. 6.

Morning Session, 10:00 o'clock.

Invocation.

Address of Welcome.

Response, H. D. Hughes.

"The Sugar Beet in Illinois."

Leon Hay, Kankakee, Sec'y Ill. Sugar Beet Growers Association.

Afternoon Session, 1:00 o'clock.

"Clover, Its Value on the Farm."
Clayton C. Purvier, Sheffield, Illinois.

"Hot Water Treatment of Oats for Smut."
Harold Hughes, Agricultural Student, Urbana, Illinois.

"Testing Vitality of Seeds."
Earl A. White, Agricultural Student, Urbana, Illinois.

Evening Session, 7:30 o'clock.

"Work of the College of Agriculture."
Eugene Davenport, Dean of the Agricultural College of Ill.

"Agricultural Education."
F. M. Higgins, Ottawa, Illinois.

"Education of the Farmer."
Clayton C. Purvier, Sheffield, Ill.

FRIDAY, DEC. 7.

Morning Session, 9:30 o'clock.

Invocation.

Reports of Officers.

Election of Officers.

"Live Stock Session."
Led by Prof. Eugene Davenport.

"Care and Feeding of Hogs for Market."
Clayton C. Purvier.

Afternoon Session, 1:00 o'clock.

"Domestic Science Session."
Led by Mrs. H. M. Dunlap, Pres. Illinois Domestic Science League, Savoy, Ill.

☞The entire afternoon will be given to the ladies for the discussion of problems pertaining to the home.☜

Evening Session, 7:30 o'clock.

"Effect of Rural Influence on Moral Character."
F. M. Higgins.

"Undeveloped Resources of Illinois."
Leon Hay.

Literary Program, by home talent.

SATURDAY, DEC. 8.

Morning Session, 9:30 o'clock.

"Corn Cultivation."
A. D. Shannel, B. S., Assistant in Farm Crops, Agricultural College, Urbana.

"The Most Wonderful Plant."
Leon Hay.

"Horticulture."
H. B. Pierce, Antioch, Illinois.

Afternoon Session, 1:00 o'clock.

"Good Roads."
Howard H. Goss, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

"Good Roads and their management."
Leon Hay.

Chrysanthemum Show and New England Supper.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery Society will hold their Chrysanthemum Show and New England Supper Wednesday afternoon and evening at the Opera house.

Supper will be served from four to eight o'clock. Everyone buying a supper ticket will have a ticket on the beautiful silk slumber robe, made by the ladies of the cemetery society, which will be drawn after supper is over. Come and see our lovely display of Chrysanthemums, as it is the first entertainment of the kind ever given here, we ask for your presence and patronage. We will also have a program during the evening. Our Chrysanthemums will be on sale afternoon and evening. Come early and make you selections and help in the good cause. The following is the Bill of Fare:

Brown Bread, White Bread,
Cold Slaw,
Pork and Beans, Corn Beef,
Pickles, Cheese, Baked Apples,
Ginger Bread.
Ginger Cookies, Doughnuts,
Pumpkin Pie, Mince Pie, Apple Pie,
Coffee, Tea, Water.

All for 25 cents and a chance on the slumber robe. Admission to hall free.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cough or cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. One Minute Cough Cure will cure throat and lung troubles quicker than any other preparation known. Many doctors use it as a specific for grippe. It is an infalliable remedy for croup. Children like and mothers endorse it. W. T. Hill.

The Antioch Bargain House.

PROSPERITY PRICES

are now on at the Antioch Bargain House. Read the following.

DRY GOODS

Apron Gingham, worth 7 cents per yard, at	5 cents
Tennis Flannel, per yard	5 cents
Calico worth 7 cents per yard at	5 cents
German Blue Print, extra wide, was 12½ cents, at	8 cents
Flannelette, for dresses, worth 12½c per yard, only	8 cents
Eiderdown worth 60 cents per yard, only	45 cents
A full line of Fancy Dress Goods from 12½c per yd to	$1.50
Pair of Blankets, double faced, fleeced lined 10-4 size actual value 75 cents per pair, we close same at	60 cents

GROCERIES

9 bars of Lenox Soap for	25 cents
7 bars of Maple City Soap for	25 cents
Elastic Starch, per pound	8 cents
Silver Gloss Starch, per pound	7 cents
Washing Soda, per pound	1 cent
One quart bottle of Amonia for	7 cents
Sweet Buiscuit Baking Powder, per pound, at	16 cents
AAAA Coffee, worth 16 cents per pound, only	12½ cts

Big Bargains Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Men's Corduroy extra heavy Pants, actual value $3.00 all over. We sell them at 1.75

Men's Cottonade Pants worth $1.00 per pair, at our store, only 75 cents

Mens Ducking Coats, guaranteed waterproof, regular price $2.75, our price $2.00

COME AND GET **Good Goods for Little Money.** It is the same as saving money in the bank or in your pocket when you can buy your supplies here for less than you can elsewhere.

Big Bargains in Horse and Stable Blankets

Also Plush Robes for buggies.

Men's Ulsters, worth $7.00 all over, only 5.50

Biggest Bargain in Antioch.

Floor Oilcloth, extra good quality, 2 yards wide, same as you pay 75 cents for elsewhere, at our store, per yard 55c

Come and See It.

WE ALSO carry a full line Hats, Caps, Gloves and Mittens, in all sizes and styles, which will be sold at reasonable prices.

ANYTHING you may want in the Dry Goods, Grocerey, Notions, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Departmets can be had at prosperity prices.

COHN & LEVIN,

WILTON BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.

Photographs 25 and 50 cts. a Dozen!

After July 4 we will make Two Special Sizes for the above named price, for a short time only.

FRAMING. Enlarging and everything done in the Picture Line.

Beswick, - Antioch

BENJ. H. MILLER,

Attorney At Law

Telephone No. 26,

Libertyville, Illinois.

Will Attend to Business in Antioch

Rare Changes.

Throughout the entire grain belt of the west farmers are seeking wives. The demand is greatest in Kansas, where the crops have been even larger than elsewhere. The average farmer who is seeking a wife wants one of rather mature years, and widows usually have the preference. Good cooks are in demand, and shop girls moderately so. Seamstresses are seldom asked for, and a good disposition along with a willingness to work, are among the requirements.—New York Tribune.

Job Printing, from a visiting card a to full sheet poster, neatly and promptly done at THE NEWS office, Antioch, Ill.

A French Fraud.

The Parisians are copying after the proverbial Yankee in shrewdness, but, like all imitators, they lack the skill of the genuine. It now seems that at the Paris exhibition, what was supposed to be the biggest telescope in the world, and which was to bring the moon within four miles of the world, is a fake. The moon thus shown is always a full moon. In fact, the telescope is no telescope at all in the proper sense of the word, for in place of the object glass is a large transparency of the moon. No matter whether the moon in the sky be new or in the quarters, the view shown is always in the full. Now, if this had been a Yankee, he would at least have carried the joke far enough to represent Luna in all her phases.—Philadelphia Record.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best liver pills ever made. Easy to take and never gripe. W. T. Hill.



P. N. CORSETS

PERFECT FIT, STYLISH FIGURE, LONG TIME SERVICE.

Every part of garment warranted the best that can be produced for the price. Steel boning flexible as whalebone, and the cork protected rust proof clasps will save you much annoyance. No extra charge for these unique features.

RECOMMENDED AND GUARANTEED BY

P.N. №505 J. N. COHN, Antioch, Ill.

BARKER LUMBER COMPANY,

ANTIOCH, ILL.

Lumber, Lime, Salt, Cement, Brick, Tile, Hard and Soft Coal, Plate Glass, Building and Carpet Paper, Fire Brick, Etc.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

29tf R. C. HIGGINS, Manager

HOYT & VICKERS

Stoves and Ranges.



New York Full Cream **Brick, Limberger Cheese.**

Another car of

Famous Eaco Flour

British Antarctic Expedition Supported.

Captain Scott, who is organizing the British antarctic expedition, which is to set out in September, 1901, announces that the fund for the expedition has now reached $200,500.

Illinois Central R.R.

Through Sleeping Car

From CHICAGO ...To...

HOT SPRINGS

ARKANSAS, VIA MEMPHIS.

Without Change

The Illinois Central is now running a through Pullman sleeping car daily between Chicago and Hot Springs, Ark., on its "Limited" leaving Chicago at 6:30 p. m., arriving at Hot Spring at 5:15 the next afternoon.

Through reservations Chicago to Hot Springs can also be secured on the "Special," leaving Chicago at 8:30 a. m. daily, arriving at Hot Springs at 9:55 the next morning. Dining Car Service Enroute. Special folder of this new service as well as full particulars concerning the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, General Pass. Ag't. CHICAGO

The Academy of Northwestern University. Separate departments for boys and girls, all the usual academic studies. Fits for any college. Twelve miles from Chicago. Campus overlooks Lake Michigan. New and well equipped buildings. Fall term begins September 18. Students from 27 states and six foreign countries. Rates low. Home privileges advantages. Send for new illustrated catalogue.

HERBERT F. FISK, D.D., Principal, Evanston, Ill.

Ex-Lord Mayor Is Ninety.

Sir Andrew Lusk, London's oldest ex-lord mayor, has completed his 90th year. He served as alderman for the ward of Bridge Without till five years ago. He was lord mayor in 1873 and 1874 and is still in active business.

The Antioch News.

J. J BURKE, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

While attempting to rob the railway station at Gales Ferry, Conn., the thief was discovered by the operator, William Brooks, and the meeting of the two men resulted in the death of the burglar, who received a charge of bird shot near the heart.

With $1,690 concealed in the folds of their faded and worn calico dresses, Agnes Salomon and Catherine Skopa were arrested on the tracks of the Chicago and Western Indiana Railroad in Chicago, where they were picking up coal in baskets.

An open switch caused the northbound Missouri Pacific passenger train to take a siding in the yards at Leavenworth, Kan., and to collide with a switch engine. Application of the air brake checked the speed, but seven passengers were injured.

The Japanese steamer Yamaguchi collided with the French transport Duracano in the inland sea of Japan, the transport trying to cross her bows. The French vessel foundered. All aboard the vessel were rescued, except three midshipmen, who were drowned.

Mrs. May Teresa Josephine Schmidt, of Chicago, laid aside a yellow-back novel long enough to kill her husband and then resumed the narrative. The title of the novel was "I'm in Love with Another." This title, Mrs. Schmidt said, gave her reason in brief for the killing.

The American Steel and Wire Company has bought the fleet of the American Steamship Company of Duluth, paying $5,250,000. There are twelve ships—the four largest vessels on the lakes, six others of from 5,000 to 7,000 tons capacity and two St. Lawrence canal ships of 3,000 tons each.

Frank Funk, murderer, was hanged in the district jail in Washington. On June 13, 1898, Funk killed William H. Brooks, a well-to-do farmer, and almost killed Mrs. Brooks, who interfered. He got $1,100 from a trunk, and the same night married the only daughter of his victim, who was innocent of any knowledge of the crime.

Mrs. Clementine Freeman of St. Louis, Mo., returned from New Orleans, where she went to secure a divorce from her husband and the recovery of their child, which he had taken with him. Her home-coming was a case of more troubles, as she learned that her daughter had eloped in her absence with a youth who earns $6 a week.

Deane, the Canadian government surveyor who was commissioned by the government to locate the stakes defining the boundary line in the Mount Baker district for 100 miles from Sumas, Washington, toward the coast, makes the remarkable statement to the government that he could find no stakes anywhere to denote that a survey of the boundary was ever made.

Captain of the Port Young at Havana has asked the government to refuse any and all proposals looking to the removal of the wreck of the United States battleship Maine by explosives. A scheme has been submitted involving the construction of a coffer dam, the pumping out of the water and taking of the wreck apart in pieces, and work on this line will probably begin next month.

A fire, accompanied with a great loss of life, occurred at Popular Bluff, Mo., resulting in the total destruction of the Gifford house, a large three-story frame building, the death of four persons and the fatal injury of two more. The fire originated in the rear of the hotel and in a few minutes the mammoth building was a mass of flames. There were in the neighborhood of 45 guests in the building and the porter, the only person awake in the hotel, was unable to give an alarm, the smoke and flames driving him back. The guests on the second and third floors were caught like rats in a trap, the fire preventing their escape by the stairs and they leaped from the second and third story windows.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Steel billet pool has been formed and the price fixed at $20 a ton.

Eight persons were killed in a railway wreck at Choisy-le-Roi, France.

Lord Kitchener, it is reported, will be made Under Secretary of State for War.

Marcus Daly, the Montana copper king, died at the Hotel Netherlands, New York.

A monument to commemorate the victory of Admiral Dewey at Manila is to be erected in San Francisco.

The three-masted schooner Myra B. Weaver was wrecked in Vineyard sound, Mass., and six lives were lost.

Report of Admiral Crowninshield, chief of Navigation Bureau, says the navy is woefully short of officers and men.

R. G. Dun, head of the mercantile agency firm of R. G. Dun & Co., died in New York City of cirrhosis of the liver.

The government of Morocco has again declined to meet the demands of the United States for the payment of an indemnity on account of the killing by a mob, of Marcus Essagin, a naturalized American citizen.

The Elmore-Cooper Live Stock Company has filed a petition in bankruptcy at Kansas City. The liabilities, placed at $600,000, are mostly the result of the Gillette failure a year ago. The assets are placed at $200,000.

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst says a syndicate of wealthy men is preparing to launch an ideal newspaper in New York—one that will tell the truth; that can not be swayed for advertising or political purposes; that people will believe.

James Hardy and Elmer Miller, who have been on trial at Anoka, Minn., for the murder of two members of the Wise family, were found not guilty.

F. M. Smith, white, aged 69, was hanged at Nacogdoches, Texas, for the murder of Mrs. Vaters, a kinswoman, in July. There was no known cause for the murder.

The safe in the office of Reichelderfer Brothers, grain dealers, at Amanda, Ohio, was blown open, completely demolishing one side of the building. The burglars secured $30 and destroyed the firm's books.

EASTERN.

The Island Paper Company's mills at Carthage, N. Y., were almost entirely destroyed by fire. The loss is $250,000.

A terrific explosion of gas occurred in Buck Mountain colliery, near Mahanoy City, Pa. Three of the thirty men in the mine were killed.

The journeymen plumbers who have been on a strike at Pittsburg since Oct. 1 returned to work. The strike was compromised, both sides making concessions.

The population of the State of Massachusetts is 2,805,346, against 2,238,043 in 1890. The population of the State of Maine is 694,466, against 661,086 in 1890.

The United States torpedo-boat destroyer Lawrence was successfully launched at the yards of the Fore River Engine Company, East Braintree, Mass.

James Elliott, Jr., of Manchester, N. H., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart. He was morose because he and his father differed in their views on politics.

Mrs. David Morse, who was known as Cranford's oldest woman, died at the residence of her granddaughter, Mrs. Edwards Book Houton, in Roselle, N. J. She was 104 years old.

Charles Davis, aged about 30 years, shot and killed his wife at their home at Portland, Me., and then attempted to take his own life. He has a bullet wound in his head, but may recover.

William D. Holmes, a Pittsburg millionaire, is dead in the alcoholic ward at Bellevue hospital, New York. Holmes inherited several millions fifteen years ago. The money he received has been squandered.

William Newman, 44 years old, whose home is in Chicago, while on an express train going past the State prison at Sing Sing, N. Y., lost his balance and fell off the train and was left behind. He was not much hurt.

By the settlement of the strikes at the Riverside iron works of the National Tube Company at Pittsburg and the Bessemer Alabama plant of the Tennessee Iron, Steel and Railroad Company, 8,000 men will resume work at once.

William Constable, formerly a well-known manufacturer of Holyoke, Mass., committed suicide by cutting his throat. He retired from the firm of McCallum, Constable & Co., hosiery and silk underwear manufacturers, a few years ago.

Rev. Stephen F. Reed, a recent graduate of the Princeton Theological Seminary, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting in the neighborhood of Lawrenceville, N. J. Mr. Reed had only been married six months. It was John Bahrenburg who killed the minister.

At the No. 14 tunnel of the Pennsylvania Coal Company at Port Blanchard, Pa., James John was killed by a fall of top rock and Patrick Garrahan was seriously injured. James Bollas was crushed to death between cars in the No. 3 mine at Wanamie.

Admiral Dewey has removed his collection of gifts, which has occupied the most prominent place in the Hall of American History in the National Museum, to his home on Rhode Island avenue. The collection has assumed very large proportions, representing thousands of dollars in money value.

WESTERN.

Weisert Brothers' tobacco factory at St. Louis was burned to the ground, causing a loss of $80,000, fully insured.

Near Lacon, Ill., Mrs. Joseph Shafer was shot and instantly killed by W. J. Linn, who was captured a few hours later.

At Galion, Ohio, John N. Zeller, 60 years old, a farmer, was killed by a vicious hog when he got in the pen to feed it.

J. H. Holland was shot through the head and heart at Alvarado, Texas, by Ray Hampton and instantly killed. Both were prominent in business circles.

The population of Wyoming, as officially announced by the census bureau, is 92,531, as compared with 65,705 in 1890. This is an increase of 31,826, or 52.4 per cent.

Robert L. Hall, one of the best known cattlemen in southeastern New Mexico, was shot and killed at his ranch south of Carlsbad in a dispute over some trivial matter.

Three persons were killed in a railroad wreck near Keswick, Cal., two of the victims being James Hart of Charter Oak, Iowa, and E. J. Bowen of Castle Rock, Wash.

Before a ballot was cast in Denver the trouble between the police department and the sheriff's office began and three men killed and three seriously wounded was the result.

A big gold discovery has been made in the southwestern part of Carter County, Mo. Specimens of the ore which have been analyzed show a large percentage of yellow metal.

The grand musical festival at St. Louis, Mo., went to pieces the other night and the high-priced vocal stars departed for their homes in deep disgust at not having secured the purses offered.

The youngest son of Lady Yarde-Buller of San Francisco, Arthur Kirkham Blair, slipped quietly away to Stockton, Cal., and was married to Miss Edna Ursula Fitzgerald, a telephone girl.

Richard Gardner, the Ross County negro who killed 15-year-old Ethel Long, paid the penalty of his crime in the electric chair at Columbus, Ohio. He faced death with a smile on his lips.

In St. Paul Walter H. Sanborn, United States Circuit judge, made an order approving the final report of the successory receivers of the Union Pacific Railway and finally discharging them.

Fire completely destroyed the plant of the Franklin Foundry Company in Chicago. The building was destroyed in less than an hour. It is not known how the fire started. The loss was $25,000.

Abner L. Gaines, son of Maj. W. H. Gaines, one of the original claimants of the land upon which the hot springs at Hot Springs, Ark., are located, committed suicide on account of poor health.

Emmet R. Windle of North Forks, N. D., won a wife by McKinley's election. His bride was Miss Dora E. Phillips of Oakfield, who promised to marry Mr. Windle at once if McKinley was elected.

At Marysville, Ohio, Judge Melhorn overruled the motion for a new trial and sentenced Rosslyn Ferrell to be electrocuted on Friday, March 1, for the murder of Express Messenger Lane, Aug. 10 last.

Michael Goldman of Bay City, known in the ring as "Kid" O'Brien, was knocked down and out by Bernard Carroll before the Cadillac Athletic Club in Detroit and died from concussion of the brain.

L. P. Parish, a Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific engineer, was killed in the Union Pacific yards in Omaha, his head being struck by a passing engine. Parrish was a prominent engineer and lived in Council Bluffs.

The special committee to investigate the irregularities of the Cherokee's auditor's office reported to the Legislature at Tahlequa, I. T. The report shows $104,000 in fraudulent Cherokee warrants are now on the market.

The Athens, Nelsonville and Hocking Valley Traction Company has been incorporated at Columbus, Ohio. The capital stock is $100,000. A network of electric lines is to be constructed in the Hocking valley mining district.

The body of Pearl Forbes, aged 20 years, was found in a ravine near her home in Leavenworth. Marks on her throat indicated she had been murdered by strangulation. The surroundings gave evidence of a terrible struggle.

At Phoenix, Ariz., a shotgun in the hands of a woman ended the career of Ventura Paco, a Mexican robber. Mrs. Lena Peterson saw a man trying to steal a calf. She fired both barrels of a shotgun into his body, killing him instantly.

A great surprise has been caused in Cleveland by a petition filed by Mrs. Robert E. McKisson against her husband, former Mayor McKisson, for divorce. The ex-Mayor has filed a counter petition. Both petitioners charge neglect of duty.

The Great Northern south-bound passenger train was wrecked near Pipestone, Minn., by the spreading of the rails. One woman, name unknown, was fatally injured and several passengers were seriously hurt. Five coaches were badly wrecked.

Anton Kataugh and Stanley Marshall were killed in a rival boarding house quarrel at Ehrmandale, Ind. Several men are under arrest. The two men were killed with mining picks which they had carried with them to the house where the tragedy occurred.

Walter Graves, a messenger boy for the wholesale jewelry firm of George K. Harrington & Co., was held up in Chicago by a negro and robbed of a satchel containing jewelry valued at $500. The articles belonged to patrons of the house and were being delivered.

A head-end collision of Baltimore and Ohio freights Nos. 23 and 24 occurred at Pelleville, Ohio. Conductor John Ontman and Engineer Henry Hall of No 23 were killed. A misunderstanding of orders is responsible for the trouble. A number of cars were smashed and traffic delayed.

At Marietta, Ohio, Marshal Dye captured three suspicious looking men. When searched valuable papers and counterfeit money were found on them. Within fifteen minutes after being put in jail they sawed their way out by cutting through the door and started across the hills.

Near Iron Mountain, Mich., a special ore train on the Northwestern road running forty-five miles an hour was wrecked by the spreading of the rails. The engine was overturned and Fireman George Hall of Wilson, Mich., was killed. Conductor Swaby of Escanaba and Engineer Tim Hogan of Green Bay were seriously injured.

Matches caused the death of Ruth Coughlin, 2 years old, in Chicago. In company with an older sister the girl was amusing herself by striking matches and throwing them on the floor. One of the matches set fire to Ruth's clothing and instantly the child was enveloped in flames. She was fatally burned before her mother could reach her.

SOUTHERN.

John D. Rockefeller has made a gift of a new dormitory and dining room to the Atlanta, Ga., University, a negro educational institution, and the contracts, aggregating $50,500, have been let.

Lit Nabors, colored, shot and killed J. L. Holcomb, white, near Conhoma, Miss. Nabors was arrested by bystanders and his corpse was found swinging to the limb of a tree in the neighborhood.

Grant Reiner and J. Ralph Griffith, gamblers, between whom ill feeling had existed for a long time, met in a saloon at Middlesboro, Ky. Each at once drew his pistol and the duel lasted until both men fell dead.

Chief of Police George Woodruff shot and killed Alfred Stanhope, internal revenue agent at Midway, Ky. The tragedy was the outcome of an old grudge. Thos. Etherington, a bystander, was dangerously wounded.

James A. Norton, who was one of the jurymen in the Youtsey trial, was burned to death in the jail at Sadieville, Ky., in which he had been put on the charge of drunkenness. It is supposed bed clothes caught fire and ignited the building.

Spanish cigarmakers in Tampa, Fla., have started a strike against American workmen, and official reports indicate that the trouble is assuming serious proportions. Nearly 1,000 American workmen have been made idle in consequence of the position of the Spaniards.

Upward of seventy-five houses have been destroyed by fire at Biloxi, Miss., a well-known summer resort. The small fire department was powerless to stay the flames. The Catholic Church, convent and schools, newspaper offices, many business houses and residences have been consumed. Hundreds have been made homeless. It is said the losses will exceed $300,000.

FOREIGN.

Jeanne Beaupre, sweetheart of the third Napoleon and later the friend of the elder Dumas, starved to death in a Paris garret.

Julian T. B. Arnold, son of Sir Edwin Arnold, when arraigned in London, after being extradited from California, pleaded not guilty to the charge of embezzling £14,000, and was remanded.

F. F. Hodgkinson, former British vice-consul at Bremerhaven, was remanded at London on a charge of stealing and trying to sell to a foreign country a secret code book of the foreign office.

The Norwegian bark Hvideorn, Captain Andersen, while in tow broke adrift and was wrecked at Little Burbo Dan (at the mouth of the Mersey). Three of the crew and a Liverpool pilot are missing.

A student at the University at Dorpat, Russia, has been sentenced to imprisonment for a term of two years for having killed a fellow-student in a duel a year ago. The government has virtually broken up the German dueling association at that university.

An order in council empowering the governor to expel any person from Gibraltar he judges undesirable has been promulgated. British and other residents not employed in her majesty's service are required to register at the police office ent must take out permits.

Russia is to place orders with American shipbuilders next year for five new battleships. News of the bare fact is made known by Joseph Spencer Kennard, one of the commissioners from this country to the Paris exposition. The contracts for the five battleships will involve more than $20,000,000.

The preliminary official report of the Russian crops received in London materially conflicts with the rumors of the alleged failure of the Russian cereals which have been circulating for some weeks. According to the report referred to the wheat crop is 45,150,000 quarters; rye, 97,250,000 quarters; oats, 82,000,000 quarters, and barley, 25,750,000 quarters. This is the best wheat crop since 1890.

Gen. Linevitch, the commander of the Russian troops at Tien-tsin, has officially notified the foreign consuls through the Russian consul that the land on the river-side opposite the British and German settlements has been annexed to Russia by right of conquest. Unless all foreign owners of property immediately deposit documents proving their ownership no claims will be entertained. Much railroad property, as well as the east arsenal, is included in the territory annexed by Russia. The consuls will protest against the annexation.

IN GENERAL.

The Laurier government has been sustained by a big majority in the general election in Canada. The returns give the government a majority of about fifty.

A semi-official statement from Nomo bankers gives the gold output of that district as $5,000,000 for the past season, as compared with $2,000,000 for 1899.

The general election on Tuesday resulted in the election of McKinley and Roosevelt, the Republican nominees, and gave control of Congress to that party.

At Toronto, Ont., as a direct result of the demonstration in honor of the return of the Toronto soldiers of the South African contingent, three persons are dead.

William John Lyne, premier and treasurer of New South Wales, has cabled President McKinley, inviting the United States to send a detachment of troops to participate in the inauguration of the Australian commonwealth.

The President has issued an executive order admitting free of duty Christmas presents and souvenirs sent by soldiers in China to friends in the United States. The privilege is the same as was extended to soldiers in the Philippines one year ago.

The Navy Department has learned through the ordnance bureau that the smokeless powder which is being turned out at the torpedo station at Newport, R. I., under direction of Commander N. E. Mason can be made not only cheaper but of a better quality than that which private companies furnish.

The annual report of Paymaster General Kenny of the navy deals in large figures. He shows that last year he spent $10,659,000 on account of construction and purchase of ships, $3,033,000 for repairs in ships, $11,715,000 to keep ships in commission, including pay; $1,589,000 for the marine corps and $56,983 for the naval militia.

Don M. Dickinson of Michigan is authority for the statement that within three weeks a meeting will be held in New York to outline a plan for the reorganization of the Democratic party. He says the call for the meeting will have the signatures of Grover Cleveland, William C. Whitney, Abram S. Hewitt and other prominent Democrats of the old school.

The nucleus of a big railroad combination is said to exist in the various independent lines of the West and Southwest controlled by the Goulds, E. H. Harriman and Ned Green. The absorption of the Kansas City Southern by the Harriman people, who control the Chicago and Alton, has given rise to the story of the formation of a great Southwest system, which will practically control the Texas trade with the North and East. The roads that are to form the new syndicate are the Chicago and Alton and its allied interests, the Kansas City Southern, the Wabash, the Missouri Pacific and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas and other properties in the Southwest country.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, shipping grades, $3.00 to $4.95; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 48c; butter, choice creamery, 21c to 23c; eggs, fresh, 19c to 21c; potatoes, 27c to 30c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.00; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $4.85; sheep, common to prime, $3.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 24c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.25 to $5.70; hogs, $3.00 to $4.85; sheep, $3.00 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 22c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 48c to 49c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $3.00 to $5.00; hogs, $3.00 to $4.05; sheep, $3.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.40; hogs, $3.00 to $4.05; sheep, $3.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 39c to 40c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; rye, 51c to 52c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c; clover seed, prime, $0.00 to $6.20.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 3, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 1, 50c to 51c; barley, No. 2, 59c to 60c; pork, mess, $10.00 to $10.82.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $3.00 to $5.70; hogs, fair to prime, $3.00 to $4.00; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $3.80; lambs, common to extra, $4.00 to $5.60.

New York—Cattle, $3.25 to $5.80; hogs, $3.00 to $5.40; sheep, $3.00 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2, 45c to 46c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; butter, creamery, 20c to 23c; eggs, western, 20c to 23c.

HOW THE VARIOUS STATES VOTED.

ALABAMA elected eleven Democratic electors and nine Democratic Congressmen.

ARKANSAS elected eight Democratic electors and six Democratic Congressmen.

CALIFORNIA elected nine Republican electors, seven Republican Congressmen and a Republican Legislature.

COLORADO elected four Democratic electors, two fusion Congressmen, a fusion Senate and a fusion Legislature, which will return a silverite to the United States Senate.

CONNECTICUT elected six Republican electors, three Republican and one Democratic Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

DELAWARE elected three Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen, Democratic State officers and a Democratic Legislature, which will select the successor to R. R. Kenney and fill the vacancy now existing.

FLORIDA elected four Democratic electors, two Democratic Congressmen and a State ticket and adopted four constitutional amendments: (1) Regarding representation of new counties; (2) Prohibiting special incorporation; (3) Election of County Commissioners; (4) State seal and flag.

GEORGIA elected thirteen Democratic electors, eleven Democratic Congressmen and a State Legislature.

IDAHO elected three Democratic electors, one Democratic Congressman, a fusion State ticket and a Democratic Legislature, which will return a Democrat to the United States Senate.

ILLINOIS elected twenty-four Republican electors, eleven Republican Congressmen, eleven Democratic Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

INDIANA elected fifteen Republican electors, four Democratic Congressmen, nine Republican Congressmen and Republican State officers.

IOWA elected thirteen Republican electors, eleven Republican Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

KANSAS elected ten Republican electors, five Republican Congressmen, three Democratic or Populist Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Legislature, which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

KENTUCKY elected thirteen Democratic electors, nine Democratic and two Republican Congressmen and a Democratic State ticket.

LOUISIANA elected eight Democratic electors and six Democratic Congressmen.

MAINE elected six Republican electors. Congressmen and the State ticket and Legislature were elected in September.

MARYLAND elected eight Republican electors, six Republican Congressmen and one Republican Congressman to fill a short term.

MASSACHUSETTS elected fifteen Republican electors, eleven Republican Congressmen, two Democratic Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Legislature, which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

MICHIGAN elected fourteen Republican electors, twelve Republican Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Republican Legislature, which will return James McMillan to the United States Senate.

MINNESOTA elected nine Republican electors, seven Republican Congressmen, probably a Democratic Governor, the rest of the State ticket being Republican.

MISSISSIPPI elected nine Democratic electors and seven Democratic Congressmen.

MISSOURI elected seventeen Democratic electors, thirteen Democratic Congressmen, two Republican Congressmen and a Democratic State ticket and Legislature.

MONTANA elected three Democratic electors, one fusionist Congressman, a Republican State ticket and a Legislature which will return two Republicans to the United States Senate.

NEBRASKA elected eight Republican electors, four Democratic (fusion) Congressmen, two Republican Congressmen, a fusion State ticket and the Legislature is probably Republican.

NEVADA elected three Democratic electors, one Democratic Congressman and a Democratic State ticket.

NEW HAMPSHIRE elected four Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen and a Legislature which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

NEW JERSEY elected ten Republican electors, six Republican and two Democratic Congressmen and a Republican Legislature, which will select a successor to William J. Sewall in the United States Senate.

NEW YORK STATE elected thirty-six Republican electors, twenty-two Republican Congressmen, twelve Democratic Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Republican Legislature. In the Fourth and Seventh judicial districts Republicans were elected to the Supreme Court. New York County elected two Democrats to the Supreme Court in the First district and a Democrat to the city court. Queens County elected Democratic county officers. Richmond County elected Democratic county officers.

NORTH CAROLINA elected eleven Democratic electors, eight Democratic Congressmen and one Republican Congressman.

NORTH DAKOTA elected three Republican electors, one Republican Congressman and a Republican State ticket.

OHIO elected twenty-three Republican electors, sixteen Republican Congressmen, five Democratic Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

OREGON elected four Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen and a Legislature, which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

PENNSYLVANIA elected thirty-two Republican electors, twenty-four Republican Congressmen, six Democratic Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Republican Legislature which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

RHODE ISLAND elected four Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen and voted on an amendment to the Constitution which provides for certain changes regarding the Legislature and for but one capital of the State.

SOUTH CAROLINA elected nine Democratic electors, seven Democratic Congressmen, a Democratic State ticket and a Democratic Legislature that will return B. F. Tillman to the United States Senate.

SOUTH DAKOTA elected four Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen, a Republican State ticket and a Legislature which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

TENNESSEE elected twelve Democratic electors, eight Democratic and two Republican Congressmen, a Democratic State ticket and a Legislature which will return a Democrat to the United States Senate.

TEXAS elected fifteen Democratic presidential electors, thirteen Democratic Congressmen, a full set of State officers and a Democratic Legislature which will elect a United States Senator to succeed Horace Chilton. Congressman J. W. Bailey will probably be Mr. Chilton's successor.

UTAH elected three Republican electors, one Republican Congressman and a Republican State ticket and a Republican Legislature which will return a Republican to the United States Senate.

VERMONT elected four Republican presidential electors. State officers and Congressmen were elected in September.

VIRGINIA elected twelve Democratic electors and ten Democratic Congressmen.

WASHINGTON elected four Republican electors, two Republican Congressmen and a Republican State ticket and voted on an amendment to the Constitution to exempt $300 of property from taxation.

WEST VIRGINIA elected six Republican electors, four Republican Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

WISCONSIN elected twelve Republican electors, ten Republican Congressmen and a Republican State ticket.

WYOMING elected three Republican electors, one Republican Congressman and a Republican Legislature which will select Francis E. Warren as his own successor in the United States Senate.

FEARED THE SILENT VOTER.

Campaign Managers Tried Hard to Learn His Political Preferences.

Moreover, party workers whose function was to ascertain the sentiments of voters, to make canvasses and polls for the guidance of managers and in general obtain information that would be valuable in determining what the official count of the ballots would show met more difficulties and obstacles in the performance of their work than ever before in the history of modern American politics.

The one feature of the campaign which impressed every politician, every correspondent and every unprofessional observer who had occasion to travel much was the seeming tranquillity of the voters. Political activity, as it was understood in 1896 or in any of the stirring presidential campaigns previous to that year, seemed lacking to such an extent as to bewilder the experts, who were relying on surface events to furnish them with indications of what would happen on election day.

The percentage of voters who declined to state who was their choice for President was so large this year as to establish a new record. There were almost countless thousands of them in the middle West and Eastern States. Not only did they refuse to state how they were going to vote, but they refrained from all participation in the work of the campaign. They eschewed the political parade, remained away from the political mass meeting, exhibited an unnatural indifference for distinguished candidates and ignored the proximity of spellbinders. They refused to express enthusiasm or sympathize with the artificial enthusiasm of politicians.

The whole trend of the campaign managers in the States of the middle West during the last days was to arouse the farmer sufficiently to insure his going to the ballot box on election day. This did not mean that the farmer was neglected in the earlier stages of the campaign.

There was heavy voting in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and other States, where the campaign dragged in a most unaccountable manner. Therefore, the apathy which was the puzzle and despair of the bosses for weeks did not extend its influence to the ballot-box.

Patronize those who advertise.

Inventor of Automobile Dies Poor.

M. Lenoir, the inventor of the automobile, recently died in France in a state of poverty. Lenoir was a chemist. In 1860 he took out a patent for a motor driven by an explosive mixture of air and gas. He even used electric ignition, actuating a sparkling plug similar to that in vogue to-day. In 1862 he produced a car driven by one of his motors and accomplished some short trips in the streets of Paris, after which it made no further progress. He seemed to have no luck, his invention was premature and beyond the gratification of his hobby he had no appreciation.

This Year's Potato Crop.

The potato crop of the United States, according to the American Agriculturist, approximates 230,000,000 bushels, or nearly 5,000,000 bushels less than last year, and a fairly good yield, compared with the average of the last ten years. Extremes in climatic conditions were responsible for holding the crop within bounds. The total area under the crop is placed by this authority at 2,897,000 acres, with an average yield of 83 bushels an acre, against 82 bushels in 1899, 73 bushels in 1898, and only 64 in 1897.

A Sage Decision.

David S. Sage and wife of Lebanon, Ill., were killed in a storm four years ago. In a suit for a settlement of the estate of $10,000, the question arose which had died first. If Sage, then his wife's relatives would be entitled to her award, consisting of dower and homestead. If his wife died first, then her relatives would be entitled to nothing. There was no way of proving which had died first, and the court held that since woman is weaker than man Mrs. Sage must have died first.

Farmer's Son in the Majority.

A recent examination of the records of nearly 400 cadets at West Point for the past ten years shows that outside the sons of army officers, of which there were 65, 149 were sons of farmers, 115 sons of merchants, 100 sons of lawyers, 37 sons of manufacturers, 32 sons of mechanics, 20 sons of insurance agents, 19 sons of real estate agents, 14 sons of clergymen, 13 sons of editors, bankers and bookkeepers, 10 of druggists, 9 of drummers, 8 of school teachers and 6 of dentists. Among the others almost every calling is represented by the fathers of one or more

RESULTS OF THE ELECTIONS



WILLIAM McKINLEY,
Re-Elected President.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
Vice-President Elect.

M'KINLEY AND ROOSEVELT.

Republican National Ticket Wins by a Good Majority.

William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt have been elected President and Vice-President, respectively, by a majority of electoral votes larger than that given in 1896 to McKinley and Hobart. The Republican tendency throughout the nation was strong enough, apparently, to secure the election of a Congress which will be Republican in both houses. The State of New York, in spite of the strenuous efforts made to secure an overwhelming Bryan vote in New York City, has given the Republican candidates a large plurality. Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Indiana and Ohio have given a similar result, and although the Republican plurality in Massachusetts has been strikingly reduced, owing doubtless to the strength of the anti-imperialist sentiment there, it is still decisive. Maryland has had a Republican landslide similar to that of four years ago.



MARCUS A. HANNA.
Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

In the great West beyond the Missouri the Republicans make gains. They have held California, Oregon and North Dakota, which they carried four years ago They have carried Kansas, South Dakota, Washington, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho and possibly Nebraska, all of which were for Bryan in 1896. So far as incomplete returns indicate at this writing Mr. Bryan failed to win the electoral vote of any of the States that were classed as doubtful. Practically all the States that declared for McKinley in 1896 did the same at this election.

Mr. Bryan made heavy inroads into the Republican majorities of four years ago in nearly all the Eastern States, especially those of New England. In Massachusetts the McKinley majority was reduced practically 100,000 as compared with four years ago. The city of Boston gives Mr. Bryan a small plurality. The New York Democratic leaders fulfilled their pledge to carry greater New York for Mr. Bryan, but the State vote was overwhelmingly Republican.

There was a phenomenally heavy vote throughout the entire country. Out of the forty-five States and three territories Mr. Bryan failed to make substantial gains anywhere except in the East. Even there the cutting of Republican majorities was insufficient to give him the electoral vote of a single State that declared for Mr. McKinley four years ago. In the West most of the States that rolled up big free silver majorities in 1896 were apparently less enthusiastic for Mr. Bryan this year. The Southern vote was normal and there were no defections in this section from the Democratic columns.

President McKinley has broken all records and upset all traditions in American politics. He is the first man to defeat twice in succession the same opponent in the presidential race. He is the first President since Grant to secure a second term immediately following his first.

Mr. Bryan repeated his performance of 1896. He pleaded his cause before more than a thousand audiences and spoke to several million voters. Whatever criticisms his opponents have made of his governmental theories and policies, all unite in admiration of his indomitable will, confident spirit and marvelous physique. A campaign that would exhaust the average man seemed to tire him but slightly. Few men could endure the exertion, physical and mental, which was required of Mr. Bryan during the campaign.

McKinley carried Ohio by tally 80,000.

BATTLE OF THE BALLOTS.

McKINLEY, 292. BRYAN, 155.

COMPLEXION OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.		HOUSE.	
Republicans	51	Republicans	197
Democrats	28	Democrats	152
Independents	11	Independents	8

M'KINLEY STATES.

According to early press reports, the following States have given majorities for McKinley and Roosevelt:

	Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.
CALIFORNIA	9	MICHIGAN	14	RHODE ISLAND	4
CONNECTICUT	6	MINNESOTA	9	SOUTH DAKOTA	4
DELAWARE	3	NEBRASKA	8	UTAH	3
ILLINOIS	24	N. HAMPSHIRE	4	VERMONT	4
INDIANA	15	NEW JERSEY	10	WASHINGTON	4
IOWA	13	NEW YORK	36	WEST VIRGINIA	6
KANSAS	10	NORTH DAKOTA	3	WISCONSIN	12
MAINE	6	OHIO	23	WYOMING	3
MARYLAND	8	OREGON	4		
MASSACHUSETTS	15	PENNSYLVANIA	32	Total	292

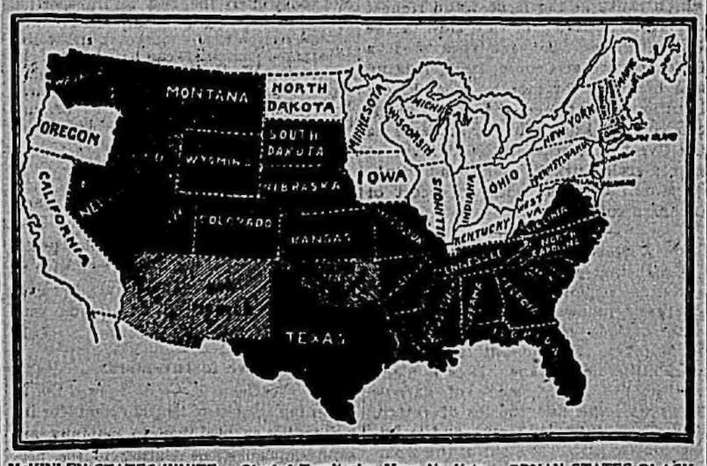
BRYAN STATES.

The returns indicate that Bryan and Stevenson will get the electoral votes of the following States:

	Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.
ALABAMA	11	KENTUCKY	13	N. CAROLINA	11
ARKANSAS	8	LOUISIANA	8	S. CAROLINA	9
COLORADO	4	MISSISSIPPI	9	TENNESSEE	12
FLORIDA	4	MISSOURI	17	TEXAS	15
GEORGIA	13	MONTANA	3	VIRGINIA	12
IDAHO	3	NEVADA	3		
				Total	155

Necessary to elect, 224. McKinley's majority, 137

HOW THE STATES VOTED IN 1896.



McKINLEY STATES WHITE. *Shaded Territories Have No Vote.* BRYAN STATES BLACK.

States.	McKinley. Elect. votes.	Bryan. Elect. votes.	States.	McKinley. Elect. votes.	Bryan. Elect. votes.
Alabama	..	11	Nevada	..	3
Arkansas	..	8	New Hampshire	4	..
California	9	1	New Jersey	10	..
Colorado	..	4	New York	36	..
Connecticut	6	..	North Carolina	..	11
Delaware	3	..	North Dakota	3	..
Florida	..	4	Ohio	23	..
Georgia	..	13	Oregon	4	..
Idaho	..	3	Pennsylvania	32	..
Illinois	24	..	Rhode Island	4	..
Indiana	15	..	South Carolina	..	9
Iowa	13	..	South Dakota	..	4
Kansas	..	10	Tennessee	..	12
Kentucky	12	1	Texas	..	15
Louisiana	..	8	Utah	..	3
Maine	6	..	Vermont	4	..
Maryland	8	..	Virginia	..	12
Massachusetts	15	..	Washington	4	..
Michigan	14	..	West Virginia	6	..
Minnesota	9	..	Wisconsin	12	..
Mississippi	..	9	Wyoming	..	3
Missouri	..	17	Total	271	176
Montana	..	3			
Nebraska	..	8			

Important Election Features.

Bryan has 50,000 majority in Missouri.

Iowa gives a Republican plurality of 60,000.

Entire Republican ticket wins in North Dakota.

Republicans carry Illinois for their State ticket.

New Jersey's Republican plurality is about 50,000.

McKinley carried Maryland by a majority of 11,000.

McKinley's plurality in New York State is 120,000.

The Republican majority in Indiana is about 30,000.

Bryan slept while the returns came in, but not till he had been assured of defeat

Illinois is Republican by between 60,000 and 100,000 on the national ticket.

Two men were killed and three wounded during a fight between police and deputy sheriffs at a Denver polling place.

Both Republicans and Democrats are surprised by the election returns, indicating McKinley's re-election by the largest majority in history.

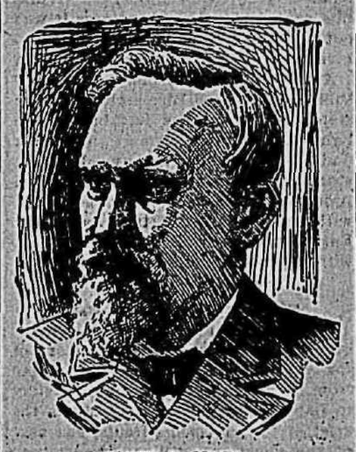
WILL CONTROL THE HOUSE.

Republicans Elect a Safe Working Majority in Congress.

The Republican landslide has included the House of Representatives, and that body will be in control of the party which has held it since the Fifty-fourth Congress. Returns received up to 1 o'clock Wednesday morning show that the Republicans will have 197, the Democrats 152, fusion 8—thereby making a clear Republican majority of 37. These figures, however, are not conclusive.

THE HOUSE.

States—	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.
Alabama	..	9	..
Arkansas	..	6	..
California	6	1	..
Colorado	..	..	2
Connecticut	4	..	..
Delaware	1	..	..
Florida	..	2	..
Georgia	..	11	..
Idaho	..	..	1
Illinois	16	6	..
Indiana	9	4	..
Iowa	11	..	..
Kansas	7	..	1
Kentucky	3	8	..
Louisiana	..	6	..
Maine	4	..	..
Maryland	3	3	..
Massachusetts	11	2	..
Michigan	12	..	..
Minnesota	7	..	..
Mississippi	..	7	..
Missouri	2	13	..
Montana	..	1	..
Nebraska	2	1	3
Nevada	..	..	1
New Hampshire	2	..	..
New Jersey	6	2	..
New York	16	18	..
North Carolina	..	9	..
North Dakota	1	..	..
Ohio	17	4	..
Oregon	2	..	..
Pennsylvania	21	9	..
Rhode Island	2	..	..
South Carolina	..	7	..
South Dakota	2	..	..
Tennessee	2	8	..
Texas	..	13	..
Utah	1	1	..
Vermont	2	..	..
Virginia	..	10	..
Washington	2	..	..
West Virginia	3	1	..
Wisconsin	10	..	..
Wyoming	1	..	..
Total	197	152	8



JAMES K. JONES.
Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

Presidential Candidates Vote.

President McKinley went to the polls in Canton soon after breakfast, and at 9:17 deposited his ballot. While there was some flutter about the polling place as he approached, so far as the President himself was concerned he exercised the right of franchise in the usual democratic fashion. Mr. Bryan cast his vote in Lincoln at 11:10 o'clock. The place at which he exercised this public duty was half a dozen blocks from his place of residence. The ceremony was witnessed by half a hundred of residents, who were congregated in the polling place.

Mr. Bryan Seeks Rest.

Mr. Bryan received the news of the general result at his home in Lincoln. At 8 o'clock, when newspaper men sought to secure a statement from him, they were told that he had just gone to sleep. When he retired to his own room he glanced over the returns with apparent interest, and then, expressing a desire to make up some of the rest he had lost in the past few weeks, lay down and was asleep in less than five minutes, thus manifesting probably less concern than hundreds of thousands of others.

CENTER OF POPULATION.

Recent Census Shows Star of Empire Still Moving Westward.

Westward the star of empire still wends is way. The census of 1900 will show that the center of population of the United States has moved some distance nearer the Pacific coast. Officials of the census office say the pivotal point of the great American population is still following the sun in its course and keeping pace with Bishop Berkeley's star of prophecy.

The westward movement of this most interesting mathematical spot has not been as great during the decade just ended as in past decades, but it is highly important to know that the trend of the past hundred years has not come to a full stop with the close of the nineteenth century.

From data already in hand it is roughly estimated that the center of population during the last decade has been about twenty miles to the west and eight miles to the north of the center in 1890. Ten years ago the center was near the town of Greensburg, Ind. It is now in the vicinity of Columbus, Ind., probably no more than six or seven miles from that city in a northerly direction. Only the official calculations upon the completion of the census can accurately locate it, but this is near enough for all practical purposes.

The westward march of the center of population since the foundation of the republic is shown in the following table:

1790—Twenty-three miles east of Baltimore, Md.	..
1800—Eighteen miles west of Baltimore, Md.	41
1810—Forty miles northwest by west of Washington, D. C.	36
1820—Sixteen miles north of Woodstock, Va.	50
1830—Nineteenth miles west southwest of Moorefield, W. Va.	30
1840—Sixteen miles south of Clarksburg, W. Va.	55
1850—Twenty-three miles southeast of Parkersburg, W. Va.	55
1860—Twenty miles south of Chillicothe, Ohio	81
1870—Forty-eight miles east by north of Cincinnati, Ohio.	42
1880—Eight miles west by south of Cincinnati, Ohio	58
1890—Twenty miles east of Columbus, Ind.	48
1900—Seven miles north of Columbus, Ind.	20

PRESENT STRENGTH OF ARMY.

Total of 98,790 Is Shown by Adjutant General Corbin.

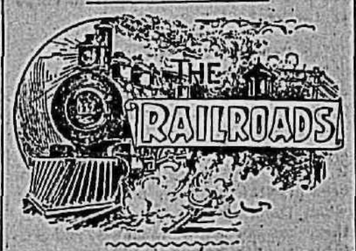
The annual report of Adjutant General Corbin to the Secretary of War for the year ending June 30, 1900, is a complete statistical record of the army of the United States. It shows that the regular army consists of 2,535 officers and 63,861 enlisted men, and the volunteer army of 1,548 officers and 31,039 enlisted men, a grand total of 98,790, not including the hospital corps, which is not counted as a part of the effective strength of the army.

The regular and volunteer army at present is distributed as follows: United States, 998 officers, of whom 76 are volunteer officers, and 18,898 enlisted men, all regulars; Alaska, 41 officers, 1,088 enlisted men; Porto Rico, 93 officers, 2,406 enlisted men; Cuba, 260 officers, 5,468 enlisted men; Philippine Islands, 2,367 officers, 69,101 enlisted men; Hawaiian Islands, 6 officers, 219 enlisted men; China, 80 officers, 2,000 men. There are 870 volunteers enlisted men in Porto Rico, and 30,200 in the Philippines. These are the only places where volunteer enlisted men are serving. Some staff officers are serving in nearly all of the places named.

The deaths reported in the army, both regular and volunteer, by the same division are: United States, 14 officers, 264 men; Alaska, 3 men; Cuba, 7 officers, 146 men; Porto Rico, 36 men; Hawaii, 1 officer and 4 men; Philippine Islands, 40 officers, 1,393 men; at sea, 3 officers, 84 men. Total, 74 officers and 1,930 men. In seven instances, owing to an error, officers dying have been counted twice, once as regulars and then again as volunteers, the actual total being 67 officers dead.

During the year there were discharged from the service 22,592 men; deserted, 3,693. The casualties in the Chinese campaign between July 1 and Oct. 1 were 9 officers and 200 enlisted men.

In the statistics given is a table showing the chronological list of actions in the Philippine Islands from Feb. 4, 1899, to June 30, 1900, together with the losses in killed and wounded. The totals show 33 officers and 476 men killed, and 147 officers and 2,076 men wounded.



Fourteen new dining cars are being delivered to the Santa Fe road.

The Soo line will soon add three giant freight engines to its rolling stock.

A new electric road is being built between Lima and Minster, Ohio. It will be thirty miles long.

Ten locomotives for the Cape railway in Africa will be shipped by an Eastern firm in a few days.

The new steel bridge of the Lake Shore road over the Sandusky bay at Fremont, Ohio, has been finished.

Net earnings of the Canadian Pacific for September decreased $88,185 from those of the preceding year.

Net earnings of the Milwaukee and St. Paul for September were $1,240,089, an increase of $30,001 over last year.

Grain rates from Chicago to the principal Atlantic coast cities have been advanced on an average of 2½ cents per 100 pounds.

Work of double tracking the Northwestern between Cole and Carroll, Iowa, a distance of eighty-six miles, will be started early in the spring.

Live stock business on Western roads presents a new condition this year. Cattle shipments are said to be considerably lighter, but the shipments of horses are said to more than offset the shortage. A great many broncbos are being taken east.

A new device for the consumption of smoke given off by locomotives has been invented and tried to the satisfaction of several experts. It is claimed to be a perfect smoke consumer, irrespective of the moving or standing position of locomotives. The cost of equipping an engine with the device is said to be $25.

WRECK IN FUNDY BAY

CITY OF MONTICELLO SINKS NEAR YARMOUTH.

Struck by Hurricane on Dangerous Coast—Dead Number More than Half a Hundred—Coast for Ten Miles Is Strewn with Wreckage and Corpses.

From Pembroke to Chebouge Point, a distance of ten miles, the coast of Nova Scotia is strewn with the remains of the steamer City of Monticello, which was wrecked Saturday morning, causing the loss of over fifty lives. In the vicinity of Chebouge and Hilton's Beach there is scarcely a foot not covered with wreckage of boats. The superstructure of the lost steamer is reduced to mere matchwood. Pieces of furniture, oil casks, broken packages of goods, life belts and buoys and other evidences of the appalling disaster are scattered everywhere.

More than twenty-five bodies have been recovered. All of them bore evidences of having been fearfully battered, some of their faces were cut and all were badly swollen and disfigured. Eleven bodies were found in groups in a space of half a mile, and there were bloodstains on the life belts picked up on the beach. It is believed that several were killed when the boat struck the rocks, as the sea was running mountain high. More than fifty persons are supposed to have perished.

The steamer City of Monticello was a sidewheeler and was bound from St. John's for Yarmouth. When wrecked it was only four miles from its destination. A heavy gale was raging at the time. The place where the Monticello struck is at the mouth of the Bay of Fundy, where the waters of the bay join those of the Atlantic. There are many reefs and shoals at this spot, and the currents are many and changeable, it being one of the most dangerous places on the coast. The Monticello carried a full freight and a fairly large passenger list. Just before it foundered an attempt was made to reach the land in a small boat in charge of the quartermaster, and it contained Third Officer Flemming, Kate Smith, stewardess; Capt. Smith of the Pharsalia and Acting-Quartermaster Wilson Cook. This boat was smashed by a huge comber, the occupants being hurled high upon the beach at Pembroke uninjured. It is believed these are the only survivors.

REPORT ON MAIL SERVICE.

Annual Expenditure, Inland and Foreign, Is $57,160,508.

The annual report of W. S. Shallenberger, second assistant Postmaster General, shows that on June 30 last the annual rate of expenditure for inland mail service was $55,146,060, for foreign service, $2,014,538; total expenditures, $57,160,598.

There were 22,834 star routes, with a total mileage of 269,858, involving an annual rate of expenditure of $5,133,378; 1,943 special office routes, 182 steamboat routes, 2,068 railroad routes (annual expense $33,424,782); 228 railway postoffice car routes (annual expense $4,369,000); 8,095 railway postoffice clerks (annual expenditure, $8,046,424); 7,190 mail messenger routes, 220 wagon routes (in cities); 287 electric and cable car routes; five pneumatic tube routes (annual expenditure $222,260). Necessary and special facilities on trunk lines of railroads involved an annual rate of expenditure of $193,723, and mail equipments cost $325,744.

The routes of all kinds in the domestic mail service cover over 500,000 miles in length and the miles traveled over them per annum was 450,295,773. An average of almost nine trips a week on each route was maintained throughout the country. Mr. Shallenberger refers to the steps taken looking to stopping speculative bidding for mail contracts and announces that the new policy of awarding all new contracts only to persons living on or contiguous to the route involved has worked satisfactorily.

The pneumatic tube service investigation, it is stated, has developed valuable information and the report will be submitted to Congress soon after it convenes.

The total estimate for all mail transportation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, is $61,430,249, being $2,158,010, or 3.64 per cent more than the current appropriation.

TO SUPPRESS DIVORCES.

Indiana Judges Will Prohibit Publication of Details.

Indianapolis judges believe that with the suppression of divorce cases the evil will be greatly lessened. The greatly increased and increasing number of applications for legal separation has led to a demand for some stringent measure that will keep dissatisfied married people away from the courts. The judges believe that the suppression of facts will bring about this desired end. It is said, in support of this attitude, that women read the papers more closely than men, and that they pay religious attention to every detail of a divorce case. Realizing from the published evidence how easy it is to obtain a divorce, they immediately begin casting about for an excuse to secure relief from matrimonial bonds that seem galling when they can be set aside for the most trivial complaint.

For many years Indianapolis has led all other cities in the State in the number of divorces granted and has assisted materially to swell the per cent of divorces when compared with the number of marriages solemnized. For instance, the number of marriage licenses issued in all the counties of the State have annually aggregated from 23,000 to 25,000 and the number of divorces granted have ranged from 2,800 to 3,000, showing that the divorces range from 11 to 12 per cent of the marriages.

Brief News Items.

Said that Kruger will visit the Czar of Russia.

C. A. Keffer, Reading, Pa., killed his wife and self. Jealous.

Steamer Eagle, worth $10,000, crashed into the Merchants' bridge, St. Louis, and sank.

The plant of the National Tube Company at Youngstown, Ohio, resumed with 400 men.

The registration of Minneapolis, Minn., aggregated 45,855, of whom 1,814 were women.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

—PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY—
J. J. Burke, Editor & Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

☞THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

OBITUARY.

Wallace B. Rogers was born at Walker's Prairie, Wisconsin, November 4, 1849. At the age of four years, accompanied by his parents, he moved to Antioch township where he resided continuously until the time of his death, Friday, November 9, aged 51 years and 5 days. He was married to Emma Winchell May 9, 1887, who after six years of happy married life was called home, her death occurring May 12, 1893, since which time Wallace lived alone the greater part of the time in a little cottage which he built upon a lot saved to him after the loss of the greater portion of his property which was occasioned by the fire of 1891, in which he suffered a loss of his entire buildings. About the time the Wisconsin Central railroad was completed Mr. Rogers erected a number of buildings in this place which were totally destroyed by fire March 31, 1891. Afterward he built the building known as the Antioch opera house which, however, passed out of his hands some three years ago.

On Tuesday, November 1, he was taken ill and went to the home of his father where, despite loving care and medical attendance, he breathed his last as above recorded.

The funeral sermon was delivered at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon, the arrangements for the funeral being in charge of the Woodmen, of which order he was an honored member, having joined the camp here March 2, 1889. Nearly 100 members of the order attended the funeral in a body and marched in the procession to the grave in the cemetery here, conducting the last sad rites at the grave.

Wallace, as he was known to everyone, was a man of quiet demeanor, candid and honest in all his dealings, and the large audience at the funeral, filling every available space in the church, attests the universal esteem in which he was held by those who knew him.

The aged father, one brother and one sister survive, besides numerous other relatives, to all of whom THE NEWS extends sympathy.

At a meeting of Lotus Camp, No. 557, M. W. A., Monday evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS; It has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove from the trials and tribulations of this life our esteemed friend and Neighbor, Wallace B. Rogers, and

WHEREAS; In the death of Neighbor Rogers this Camp sustains the loss of a faithful Neighbor and one of its early members, the aged father, brother and sister the companionship and comfort of a devoted son and brother, the community the loss of an honest and upright citizen, therefore be it

Resolved; That Lotus Camp, No. 557, M. W. A., extend to the bereaved ones its most sincere and heartfelt sympathy and commend them to the loving care of Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved; That the Charter of the Camp be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days, that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the aged father of Neighbor Rogers, that they be spread upon the minutes of our camp and published in THE NEWS.

J. J. BURKE,
W. R. WILLIAMS,
C. M. CONFER, Com.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to return our most sincere and heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors and especially the Modern Woodmen for the kindness shown and assistance rendered us during the sickness and at the death and funeral of our beloved son and brother.

ALLEN ROGERS
AND FAMILY.

ORITUARY!

Once more the angel of death has come into our midst and taken away our dear one. "Grandma Snyder," as she was best known, after a brief illness of less than twenty-four hours, resulting from severe stomach trouble, passed on to her reward Thursday, Nov. 8, 1900. She was born Oct. 1, 1815, in Columbia Co., New York. She was married to Abraham Snyder May 25, 1833, and came west in 1867, making her home with her daughter, Mrs. H. F. Kines, until about a year ago when she made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Albert Raught, where, on November 10th, the funeral was held. Rev. Dutton preached a very thoughtful sermon, the text being taken from Phili. 1: 21. Grandma Snyder gave her heart to Christ in early life, and although the clouds and sunshine have mingled with eachother to make up the 85 years of her beautiful, useful life, at the time of her death she was able to enjoy life and gave comfort and advice to those about her. Her pure christian life will ever be a beacon light to those that had the privilege of making her acquaintance. The floral offerings were beautiful, and many friends and neighbors gathered to express their love and sympathy with the bereaved ones. She leaves two sons and two daughters, F. R. Snyder, of Pleasant Prairie, Wis.; Ira W. Snyder, of Canistota, S. Dak., Mrs. Albert Raught, of Volo, Ill., and Mrs. H. F. Kines, of Waukegan, Ira W. Snyder not being present at the funeral. Nine grand children, those were Byron Shultes and wife, of Highwood; Neal Shultes, of Waukegan, Willie Kines, of Chicago; Gordon and Eddie Snyder, of Pleasant Prairie, Wis. Those unable to attend were Mrs. Robert Fulton, of Waukegan; Mrs. Dr. Zyon, of Raton, New Mexico; Mrs. Minnie Johnson, of Canistota, South Dakota, and Chas. A. Raught, of Bossburg, Washington. Her grand Children, Mildred Shultes, Clarence Shultes and Nellie Raught. Mrs. Snyder was laid to rest in the Fox Lake Cemetery by the side of her husband, who departed this life Jan. 28, 1882.

Farewell dear mother, sweet thy rest;
Weary with years and worn with pain:
Farewell, 'til in some happy place
We shall behold thy face again.

'Tis ours to miss the all our years,
And tender memories of thee keep:
Shine in the Lord to rest, for so
He giveth his loved ones sleep.

Weep not, that her toils are over;
Weep not that her race is run.
God grant we may rest as calmly
When our work, like her's, is done.

Tell them we yield with gladness,
Our mother to Him to keep.
And rejoice in the sweet assurance
To quiet his loved one's sleep.

Prosperity in Japan.

There have been rumors of late to the effect that next year's budget in Japan will be very unsatisfactory, but official figures show a condition of prosperity that is reassuring. Things are moving smoothly and there is no prospect of any discrepancy between results and estimates. The prospects for 1901-2 ought to have been in the hands of the finance minister by May 31, but those from the educational department and the agricultural and commercial department have not yet been received. However, the main figures are known and they show that there will be a surplus of 4,000,000 yen ($2,000,000). This is a very different showing from that of the pessimists. If Japan's credit is bad the reckless statements of certain Japanese newspapers are to blame.—Chicago News.

The Ice Floods of Iceland.

Dr. Thorvald Thoroddsen in recent papers gives a curious picture of life and scenes in Iceland. Settlements are limited to the lowlands, yet even these are not safe places of abode, for they are exposed to lava floods, river floods and showers of volcanic ashes. When the glaciers of the dome-shaped mountains are suddenly melted by volcanic heat, overwhelming torrents, bearing immense masses of ice and fragments of rock, sweep down the river-beds. Yet with all their disadvantages the inhabitants of the narrow lowlands of Iceland enjoy universal education, and among them more books and newspapers are published per head of population than in any other country.

Change in Dairy Industry.

Minnesota furnishes a good illustration of the radical change that has been brought about in the dairy industry in a few years, in the substitution of creamery-made for farm-made butter. At the recent state fair there were only ten entries of individual butter, against 240 from creameries. In the state there are between 700 and 800 creameries and perhaps 100 cheese factories, the majority of both being run on the co-operative plan. Most of them are of recent establishment.—New York Post.

Berlin to China on Bicycles.

Two Berlin citizens—a sculptor called Siegbert Muller, 25 years of age, and a carpenter, Gustav Christoph, 19 years of age—have started to travel in China on bicycles. Their admission as volunteers for the Chinese expedition having been refused, they intend to reach China by wheel by the way of Budapest, through Turkey, Persia and the east. They hope, after that proof of their powers of endurance, to obtain permission to enter as soldiers in the expedition corps at the seat of war.

Calamity Not from Heaven.

It is not accident, it is not Heaven-commanded calamity, it is not the original and inevitable evil of man's nature, which fill your streets with lamentation and your graves with prey. It is only that, when there should have been providence, there has been waste; when there should have been labour, there has been asciviousness; and wilfulness when there should have been subordination.—Ruskin.

Sensible Shoes.

It is doubtless very wise and sensible for women taking long strolls in the park for exercise to wear broad-toed, wide-soled boots, but fashion now dictates that she shall only wear them at such times. For ordinary wear the square toe is rapidly disappearing, and the medium toe, known as the "opera," has taken its place. Heels are perceptibly higher than last year.

Diet for an Invalid.

An excellent jelly for the sick room may be made by taking an ounce each of rice, sago and pearl barley, mixing with three pints of water, then let it simmer to one and strain it. When cold it will be set into a jelly, which give, dissolved in wine, milk or broth, in change with the other nourishment.

Collecting Bug Eccentricities.

Bug eccentricities are being brought into a special collection by the British Museum. It has now moths with male wings on one side and female wings on the other, butterflies with no fore-wings, and insects with an abnormal number of antennae or of legs.

Detected Stealing Trees.

Manufacturers of birch beer have been detected cutting down birch trees in Van Cortlandt Park, New York, to get the bark to flavor the liquor with.

LITERARY NOTES.

The Thanksgiving number of The Saturday Evening Post is dated Nov. 10. The cover is by Harrison Fisher. The opening article is The Leaders in American Diplomacy, by Hon. John W. Foster, formerly Secretary of State. Honorable Frank A. Vanderlip, assistant Secretary of the Treasury, contributes The Onward March of American Trade. Honorable Carter H. Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, has an article on The Defacement of the Modern City. Major Arthur Griffiths, of the British Army (Retired), has an anecdotal sketch of General Wolsely. The Adventures of a Pioneer Plainsman are told by Captain John J. Healy. The fiction includes Senate Bill 578, by Brand Whitlock; For Diverse Reasons, by Charles Battell Loomis; The Banner Bearer, by Mrs. Burton Harrison; The Diary of a Harvard Freshman, by Charles Macomb Flandran; Mooswa of the Boundaries, by W. A. Fraser; 'Enry 'Iggins' 'Eart Story, by Joe Lincoln; A Supper by Proxy, by Paul Laurence Dunbar. There is a half-page poem called The Bilad of Ozy B. Orr, by Holman F. Day. The editorial page deals with timely subjects: the department of Men and Women of the Hour contains new stories, and the "Publick Occurrences" tell of the efforts to capture South American Trade. Frank W. Thomas gives Confessions of a Mind Reader; Madeline S. Bridges has a poem. William Mathews contributes The Matter-of-Fact Man. The other departments are Literary News and Oddities of Science.

LONG STOCKINGS DOOMED.

Women Imitating Men Now in the Wearing of Socks.

While men have been grappling with the shirt waist question women have been quietly seeking emancipation from the long stocking. The result is that next season the extended sock, which will reach just below the knee, will probably be in vogue. Thus there will be a fair exchange—the man's sock for the woman's shirt waist. Already the alert hosiers have planned the extended sock. This will be 19 inches long, and its ribbed top, exactly like that of the man's short sock, will, in cases more or less numerous, obviate the necessity of wearing garters. Many women last summer who were not sufficiently courageous to adopt the sock outright looped the long stocking in folds and gartered it just below the knee. While this gave a measure of coolness it was not artistic, and plainly is doomed to give way to the new extended sock.

An official report from Consul Marshall Halstead at Birmingham to the state department has just brought to light the fact that American women find it impossible to buy desirable stockings in England. The usual American stocking is 28 inches long, with small ankle and trim foot. The English stocking is 24 inches long, with shapeless ankle and clumsy foot.

Would Report at City Hall.

A Camden Sunday school teacher the other Sunday was telling the story of the boy Jesus becoming separated from his parents, and the more vividly to impress on the youthful minds the grief of the alarmed parents, she asked the question: "What would you have done, John, if your little brother had become separated from your side in a strange city?" "Go right to the city hall," was the quick rejoinder. The teacher waived discussion and the lesson proceeded.

Young Man Secures Employment.

A young man from Bowling Green, Mo., applied for work in a store located some distance from his home. He presented the following letter of recommendation and was engaged on the spot: "I have found him industrious, truthful, intelligent and sober. I have observed also that his services about the house were satisfactory to my wife, and anyone who can get along with her is a peach."

Natural Defense in South Africa.

The South African veldt is the most easily defended country in the world—"the best defensive country," is how a military man might put it. On every mile or two there is a natural fort—or half a dozen of them. These are the so-called kopies, short, thick, volcanic looking hills, often with a squared-off top or a crater-like bowl in the top, such as Majuba has.

Russian Wedding-Day Superstition.

A most peculiar thing about the marriage ceremony of Russian peasants is the fact that when the couple enter the church both bridegroom and bride make a dash for the platform on which is the pulpit. It is believed that the one whose foot touches the platform first will live the longer, and that the children will take after that one in size, health and beauty.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and have given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial. For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Thomson's Pharmacy, Grayslake.

WHEN DUELS WERE FOUGHT.

Death of a Man Who Was a Maker of Coats-of-Mail.

"About two years ago," said a business man to a New Orleans Times-Democrat reporter, "there died at the Charity hospital an eccentric old German who once upon a time followed the queerest trade in the world. He was a maker of coats of mail. Long before the war he had a little jewelry shop on the north side of Canal street and the coat of mail business was a sort of private side line. The armor he made was composed of small links of very hard steel, woven together so compactly that one could not thrust even a pin through the interstices, and it was said that the "coats" would turn either a knife or a bullet. They were fashioned something like a sleeveless undershirt, and were intended to be worn immediately beneath the outside garments. In those days the use of such devices was popularly attributed to fellows who wanted to secure an unfair advantage in duelling and the reputation of wearing one under any circumstances was fatal to a reputation for courage. Consequently the old German didn't go to any pains to exploit his business and his customers must have come to him through many devious channels. I knew the old chap quite well when I was a boy, and I have often seen him putting the mail together in his little back room. He got the links from Germany, and they came in long single strand chains, which he fastened together at the edges with small steel rings, thus building up a frbric, like knitting a stocking. The coats were made over a wooden form, shaped like a man's torso, and were astonishingly light. After the war broke out a good many men bought them openly, as a legitimate protection, and for a while the old man had more business than he could attend to."

FAMOUS ARCHAEOLOGIST

Is Professor Alfred Emerson of Berkeley Museum.

Professor Alfred Emerson, the most celebrated archaeologist of American birth, who was summoned from Paris by Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, is in frequent consultation with her regarding the excavations which are to be undertaken in Greece to enrich the museum of classical art and archaeology which Mrs. Hearst proposes to establish in Berkeley. During the few weeks which Prof. Emerson will spend in California the classical scholars of the two universities are making the most of the privilege of discussing things Greek with him. Dr. Emerson is an archaeologist by deliberate choice. He began his preparation for work at an early age, spending two years in Athens while still in his teens that he might learn modern Greek. As a result he speaks the language with a fluency equaled by few, if any, other American scholars. Professor Emerson might be called a precursor of the American school of classical studies in Athens, which dates only from 1881. He studied classical philology in Munich under the famous Latin critic Karl Haim, and Von Christ, the leading contemporary authority on ancient meter. He also studied archaeology under the late Professor Brunn, at that time the foremost German archaeologist. He took his Ph. D. at the university of Munich in 1881. The professor has taught in several of the leading universities of America, including the Johns Hopkins university and Cornell university. While at Cornell he organized a museum of classical archaeology which ranks as the largest and richest university museum of this kind in the United States. He has excavated a Greek temple at Croton, Italy, lodging and boarding for months in a lonely lighthouse; explored the North African country known to the ancients as the Cyrenaica, braving the disfavor of an old-style Turkish pasha, and climbed Mount Olympus with an escort of Ottoman soldiers.

A Wonderful Filipino Hat.

A hat that will keep out the rain, serve as a helmet, and in case of emergency answers for a dish to hold water or food, is a convenience not to be despised. Such a hat is worn by the Philippine Indians. It is a black bowl-shaped affair, made of narrow strips of some fine species of rattan. It is of several thicknesses, and is impervious to rain. The hat of the women is even more useful than the men's. It is made of palm leaf or rattan, and has a brim so wide that it serves as umbrella in case of need. Two women may sometimes be seen sheltered under one hat as they cross the street in the rain. But this broad brimmed hat is not only an umbrella and a head covering, it answers well as a basket, and in the market the women display their fruit or fish upon it, placing it on the ground before them.

Porto Rico's Schools.

The expense of maintaining schools is very high in Porto Rico. The cost per capita per pupil enrolled last year was over $13, while in Missouri, with its large and expensive urban systems, its secondary schools, and its university, the per capita expenditure was less than $9. This is due to lack of school buildings and school plant in general, and to ignorance of the principles of economical school administration on the part of school authorities.

Tourists in Switzerland.

England no longer furnishes the largest contingent of tourists in Switzerland. The Germans and French both surpass the English in numbers.

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Our Famous "Hercules" School Hose for Boys at.....15c and 25c
Our Woolen Hose for Women at.....15c, 25c, 35c and 50c
Our Woolen Hose for Children at.....15c, 25c up to 75c
Our Red, Blue, Pink and White Wool Hose for Babies at.....25c
Our Special Cotton Socks for Men at.....5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 25c
Our Heavy Wool Socks for Men at.....25c, 35c and 50c

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Cameo Cutter's Nerve-Trying Work.

The cameo cutter can put in only a few hours' work at a time as a usual thing, because of the tension on his nerves. A quavering hand may be responsible for the single stroke which will spoil a week's work. He must have an eye almost like a microscope and a very delicate touch; he must be an artist in soul and as skillful a craftsman as a watchmaker; he must know how to model and draw, and he must have a knowledge of chemistry, so as to remove offending spots. The work is executed in relief on many kinds of hard precious stones, but essentially the chalecdonic variety of quarts and on shells.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempsytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at drug stores.

For Thanksgiving Day.

A rate of one fare and a third for the round trip has been authorized to points within 150 miles, on the Nickel Plate Road. Chicago Passenger Station Van-Buren and Pacific avenue, on the Loop. City Ticket Office 111 Adams st. 9w4

Northern Wisconsin Railroad Lands

are increasing in value from year to year. Railroads are the great civilizers, for they give the settler as well as the manufacturer equal opportunity to work in undeveloped fields, thereby rapidly settling the country and brings forth its undiscovered riches. Northern Wisconsin is rich in iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl, timber and fine farm lands. It has made many a settler independent and added to the wealth of manufacturers who have sought this territory. Opportunities have not passed, as there is still a generous supply of land which can be obtained at low figures and on easy terms.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

was one of the first roads to penetrate the vast Northern Wisconsin Wilderness which stretches across the state from east to west. It, also, has developed from year to year and today offers the best of transportion facilities, enabling all to ship the products of that section to any market in the world. Illustrated pamphlets can be obtained by addressing W. H. Killen, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Geo. T. Jarvis, Gen. Mgr.; Burton Johnson, G. F. A. or Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A., Colby & Abbot Bldg, Milwaukee, Wis.

Ayling Brothers Ink.

The NEWS office has just received a new stock of Ayling Brothers Jet Black Ink, non-corrosive and absolutely chemical proof. Try a bottle and if you don't agree with us in saying that it is the best ink you ever used we will cheerfully refund you your money. Only 5 cents per bottle. 11

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The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases. This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow &

The Game of Whist.

A neat booklet issued by the Wisconsin Central railroad, fully giving all the laws governing the game of Whist and Duplicate Whist, as well as other valuable information can be obtained by addressing Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis. 8w11

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Lewis Tyrrell, deceased: All persons having claims against the estate of Lewis Tyrrell, deceased, are hereby notified and requested to attend and present such claims to the County Court of Lake county, Illinois, for the purpose of having the same adjusted at a term of said court to be held in the county court room in the city of Waukegan, in said Lake county, on the first Monday of December, 1900, being the 3d day thereof.

ALBERT H. TYRRELL,
Dated Sept. 26, 1900. Administrator.
5w6

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver and collect in Illinois for old established manufacturing wholesale house, $900 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 3w16

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17 pounds of Granulated Sugar	$1.00
10 bars of Lenox Soap for	.25
XXXX Coffee, per lb	.10
Javanese Coffee, per lb	.10
2 packages of corn Starch	.05
Pettijohn's Breakfast Food	.10
Pillsbury's Votos, flaked oat food	.08
Grape Nuts	.10
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Atlas Baking Powder, per lb	.13
Sweet Biscuit Baking Powder	.13
Fine-cut Tobacco, light or dark	.30
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Workman's large compartment Dinner Pail	.25
Good Tubular Lantern	.45
Cold blast Lantern, large burner, will not go out, others ask $1, our price	.85

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Our millinery department will be formally opened for fall and winter buyers and will be in charge of **Miss Ella Lester**, an experienced milliner of Janesville, Wis.

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Clerk.....E. T. DeVoe
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Marshall.....F. Frazier

Secret Societies.

RISING SUN Lodge No. 115 A. F. & A. M. hold regular communications Monday evening on or before full moon. S.C. Litwilder W. M. J. J. Longabaugh, Sec'y.

SOROSIS Chapter No. 329 Order Eastern Star meet first and third Tuesday evenings. Mrs. Carrie Higley, W. M. Mrs. Sadie Mead, Sec.

GRAYSLAKE Camp No. 1341 M. W. A. meet second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month. J. Murrie, V. C. John Christian, Clerk.

COURT OF HONOR No. 164 meeting 1st and 3rd Saturdays of each month, E. L. Rose, W. C. Mrs. V. Burge, Rec.

MIZPAH Camp No. 286 R. N. A. meet second and fourth Tuesday evenings each month. Mrs. Viola Kapple, Oracle, Mrs. Mary G. Morrill, Rec.

CONGREGATIONAL Church Sunday services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings. Y. P. S. C. E. meet Sunday evenings at 6:45 p. m. Juniors meet Sunday 3 p. m. Sabbath School 11:30 a. m. Rev. Stevens, Pastor.

W. C. T. U. meetings every alternate Friday from 2 to 4 p. m. Mrs. E. Adams, Pres. Mrs. Florence Lusk, Sec. Sec.

ROCKEFELLER Lodge No. 815 I. O. O. F. meetings 2nd and 4th Thursdays. W. Doolittle, N. G. A. McMillen, Sec'y.

GRAYSLAKE Lodge M. W. W. No. 182 meetings 2nd and 4th Friday. E. Moore, W. M. P. A Robinson, Sec'y

Grayslake Local.

Mrs. Corlett, of Libertyville, spent Sunday with Mrs. E. B. Sherman.

Miss Ettie Farr spent the latter part of last week with friends at Russell.

Mrs. Briggs, of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Euclid Hendee.

Mrs. Abagail Frazier has been visiting for some time at Antioch and Lake Villa.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Higley, of Chicago, visited over Sunday at E. J. and W. B. Higley's.

Miss Palmer, of Waukegan, has been spending a few days with the family of Mr. Whitehead.

Mrs. D. G. White and daughter have been spending a few days with Mrs. Earl Mead at Oak Park.

Many will be surprised to learn that Ross Austin, formerly of this place has enlisted for three years as a soldier at Denver, Col.

Work on Armour's ice house at Round Lake is being pushed, and it is said that when completed it will be the largest one in the state.

Mrs. W. B. Higley entertained a number of young ladies at her home on last Saturday in honor of Mr. Higley's niece, Miss Williams, of Nebraska.

On last Sunday evening Rev. Stevens began a series of ten sermons upon the theme "Popular Misconceptions Concerning Christian Faith, Life and Service." All are invited.

Grayslake Court of Honor gave an oyster and chicken pie supper on election night which was a perfect success and fully enjoyed by all who attended. Election returns, were received at the hall greatly adding to the entertainment.

Agreement of early closing of stores. We, the undersigned merchants and dealers of Grayslake, Lake county, Ill., hereby agree to close our stores at eight o'clock, p. m. of each night, commencing with Monday, November 19, with the exception of Wednesday and Saturday nights of each week and the two entire weeks commencing Monday, December 17, and ending Monday, Dec. 31, 1900. This agreement to be and remain in effect until March 1, 1901. F. D. Battershall, Gen. Mdse and Meat Market; F. H. Kuebker, Gen. Mds.e; W. W. Edwards, Gen. Mdse.; E. H. Donaldson, Groceries; Thomson Bros., Hardware; G. E. Strang, Furniture; A. D. Buell, J. F. Druce, Drug Store; D. G. White, Barber Shop; C. Lupberger, Barber Shop.

Both makers and circulators of counterfeits commit fraud. Honest men will not deceive you into buying worthless counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is infallible for curing piles, injuries, eczema and skin diseases. W. T. Hill.

VOLO, ILL.

Rev. Dutton gave an interesting sermon last Sunday. Subject, "The Importance of Bible Study."

The Grant Cemetery Society and the W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Ahby Fox—for dinner—the last Friday in November. Everybody welcome.

Last Saturday Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Williams, of Bristol, Wis., and Mrs. Chas. Raught, of Waukegan, attended the funeral of Grandma Snyder.

Next Saturday afternoon. Nov. 17, Miss Flora Sims, of Urbana, Ill., will give a chalk talk in the Volo M. E. Church. All the children are invited to come and meet with the Loyal Temperance Legion.

The conference of the W. C. T. T. will meet at the Volo M. E. church Dec. 6th, commencing at 10:30 a. m. County president and other county officers will be present. In the evening Mrs. Shephard will give a gold medal contest with her class. All the friends of temperance are invited to be present during the day and evening. All are requested to bring lunch. The members of the Louis Shephard Union will furnish tea and coffee.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Ed Shotliff made Waukegan a short visit Monday last.

Miss Polly Evans was the guest of Mrs. Kirk, of Winthrop Harbor, Monday of this week.

Mr. Wilbur, of Wilmot, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Frank Burroughs,, of this place.

Mrs. W. Jackson spent a couple of days of the past week with relatives at Rockford, Ill.

The Ladies' Aid Society meet with Mrs. Elwin Stonebreaker on Thursday afternoon of this week.

George Gates spent a couple of days of last week in Chicago, buying furniture for his new home.

Messrs. Charles Whitcher, Frank Lavey, Charley Bishop, Watson Jackson, Jas. Eddy, James Shumway, Harvey Gaines, Will Bryant, Clarnence Williams and Arthur Bevans attended the reception given in honor of the newly elected county officers last Thursday evening by Z. G. Simmons, of Kenosha.

Mrs. F. Burroughs returned home Sunday after spending a few weeks with her parents at Wilmot.

Mrs. Delbert Osborne and Mrs. Gilbert Osborne are entaining their father and mother and a sister from Iowa.

Frank Rowbottom returned home Tuesday of this week from the hospital in Chicago where he has been for the past four weeks.

Mrs. Gates, of Waukegan, is visiting her son George Gates of this place. She will probably make her home there for some time.

FOX LAKE.

Frank Galiger's baby is quite sick.

M. L. Galiger visited Grayslake Monday

A Tweed and son George were Gurnee visitors Tuesday.

Mr. Weber and wife, of Dighton, were Fox Lake callers Sunday.

Wm. Kiddell and daughter have returned from their visit to Missouri.

M. White and children are sick, we are informed, with scarlet fever.

Several from this place attended the funeral of Walace Rogers at Antioch Sunday.

The scholars and teacher of the Fox Lake School have decided to have an entertainment and basket social for the benefit of the school, on the evening of November 23. Ladies come and bring your baskets. Gents come and buy them, the baskets of course. Everybody come and enjoy yourselves. The Fox Lake ladies are good cooks.

Mocking Birds in War.

During the siege of Ladysmith a mocking-bird in the British camp learned to imitate the warning whistle given by the sentries whenever the flash of a big Boer gun announced a coming shell. Not only that but, according to the account of a British correspondent in the besieged town, the bird also imitated the "scream and buzzle" of the shell passing through the air.

The Work-Together Club.

Members of the building trades, architects builders and influential citizens in New York city have organized the "Work Together" club. The object is "to promote harmonious relations between employers and employes by bringing about reforms directly affecting the building trades. This organization will from time to time make appeals for the indorsment of measures for the protection of workmen engaged in the construction and alteration of buildings."

Baltimore Abolishes Absurd Tax.

Tree planting in the streets is to be encouraged in Baltimore. The municipal board of estimates has determined to abandon the absurd charge of 25 cents for the privilege of planting trees along the public streets, and to encourage the improvement by growing the trees, presenting them free of cost to those desiring a tree before their home, planting them and keeping them trimmed and in order. This plan has worked successfully in Boston.

He Reclaimed Bog Lands.

A few days ago there died at Aird, in Wigtownshire, Mr. Alexander Rankin, who for two generations has exercised a remarkable influence on Scottish agriculture. As a tenant of the Earl of Stair, Mr. Rankin undertook the reclamation of large tracts of bog lands, which now are highly cultivated fields. He was one of the first to introduce steam machinery into Scottish agricultural work.

Reminiscences by Prominent Men.

Secretary John D. Long of the navy and Rear Admiral Sampson attended a county fair at Mr. Long's old home in Massachusetts the other day and the latter delighted his old neighbors with his reminiscences of the county fairs which he had attended in his lifetime. The two were afterward treated to a game of baseball between the clergymen and the lawyers of the town.

To Contest a Strange Will.

The Connecticut supreme court will soon be called upon to decide as to the validity of a clause in the will of one Hall, who bequeathed $10,000 for the purpose of combating the fundamental Christian doctrine that the soul is immortal. Natural heirs contest the will, raising no question as to the testator's soundness of mind, but declaring that it would be contrary to public policy to allow such a will to stand.

Individuality of Genuis.

Persons of genius are more individual than any other people, and less capable, consequently, of fitting themselves, without hurtful compression, into any of the small numbers of molds which society provides in order to save its members the trouble of forming their own characters.—John Stuart Mill.

Boy an Indian Chief.

Negangigifig, a 5-year-old boy, has been chosen chief of the Chippewas on the Lac du Flambeau reservation, near La Crosse, Wis. The boy is the successor of Chief Charley, who was killed by a white man recently. Causa, the man who killed the former chief, had a narrow escape from death by the infuriated Indians.

Pasha Will Not Return.

After eighteen years of exile Arabi Pasha has lost all desire to return to the land of his birth. For some time after he landed in Colombo Arabi found the climate of his new home making dangerous inroads upon his health, and in those days the fallen leader of the rebellion in the Nile delta had a strong wish to get back to Cairo.

Germany Bars Italian Products.

The German canned beef and sausage law is exasperating Italians, whose salami, mortadelle and other products are now considered unhealthy and refused admission. There is a great fear that Italy may retaliate. If it does, the German export trade in beer, hams, sausages and sauerkraut would suffer severely.—James Gordon in Chicago Record.

Must Not Be Personal.

Down in southwestern Missouri a preacher announced that in the near future he would discourse on "Hell and who will go there." The good man has been somewhat puzzled on receiving several letters from parishioners threatening all kinds of vengeance if their names are mentioned in the forthcoming sermon.

World's Mohammedans.

Turkey has been taking a census of Islem and finds that the number of Mohammedans in the world is 196,500,000. Of these 18,000,000 are in Turkey in Europe, 99,000,000 in western Asia and Hindoostan, 20,000,000 in China, 36,500,000 in northern and northeastern Africa, and 23,000,000 are scattered in other parts of the world.

Traveled 13,000 Miles.

Major A. St. Hill Gibbons has returned to England from Africa after an absence of two years, during which time he has traveled over 13,000 miles exclusive of distances by rail and boat. His discoveries will change considerably the maps of the territory around Albert Edward and Kion Lakes.

Mexico for Oranges.

Mexico promises to be a large factor in the orange markets within a year or two, as the development of groves there has recently been taken up very largely. It is said by an authority in the trade that by 1903 a large part of our oranges will come from Mexico.

Employers of Numerous Workmen.

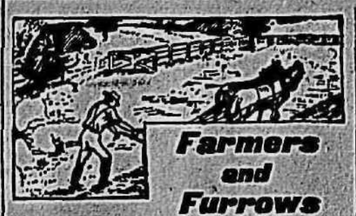
The business concerns in Germany having the largest number of employes are Krupp's works, at Essen, with 44,087 workmen; the Hamburg-American line, at Hamburg, with 14,643; the North German Lloyd, at Bremen, with 11,200 hands; the Vulcan shipyards, at Stettin, with 7,208 workmen.

To Honor Great Writer.

"Dickens avenue" is suggested as the name for the new broad street that is being cut between Holborn and the Strand in London. It runs through a part of the town in which Dickens placed episodes of many of his stories.

France Publishes Many Books.

More books are published in France each year than in Great Britain and the United States combined—more books of a serious nature especially, since France publishes only a quarter as many novels as England and only half as many as the United States.



Farmers and Furrows

A farmer is known by his furrow as "the carpenter is known by his chips." It takes a firm hand and a true eye to turn a straight furrow. No wonder the farmer wears out, spite of exercise and fresh air. One day's work on the farm would tire many a trained athlete. And the farmer works hardest of all. The first up and the last to bed, feeding his team before he feeds himself, his work is practically never done. Why does not the farmer treat his own body as he treats the land he cultivates? He puts back in phosphate what he takes out in crops, or the land would grow poor. The farmer should put back into his body the vital elements exhausted by labor. If he does not, he will soon complain of "poor health." The great value of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is in its vitalizing power. It gives strength to the stomach, life to the lungs, purity to the blood. It supplies Nature with the substances by which she builds up the body, just as the farmer supplies Nature with the substances that build up the crops.

"I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mr. G. B. Bird, of Byrnside, Putnam Co., W. Va. "It cured me of a very bad case of indigestion associated with torpid liver. Before I began the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I had no appetite; could not sleep nor work but very little. The little that I ate did not agree with me, bowels constipated, and life was a misery to me. I wrote to Dr. Pierce giving the symptoms, and asked for advice. He advised me to try the 'Golden Medical Discovery' so I began the use of it and after taking four bottles I felt so well that I went to work; but soon got worse, so I again began the use of it and used it about eight weeks longer, when I was permanently cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Use them when you require a pill.

Adjudication Notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber, executrix of the last will and testament of Anthony Burke, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of January next, 1901, when and where all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

ELIZA BURKE, Executrix.

Waukegan, Oct. 30, 1900. 10w6

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The settler and manufacturer who have located in the northern portion of the Badger State, are developing and improving that immense tract of rich country very rapidly. Tillers of the soil are coming in and new factories are going up. There is reason for this. The quality and quantity of iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl and timber lands till the secret. Nature yields its riches to those who toil. Opportunities are still plentiful, for much of the rich undeveloped land is awaiting the settler and manufacturer. It can be obtained on easy terms and at low figures.

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the pioneer road of the northern section of Wisconsin, affords cheap and excellent transportation facilities, thus opening the markets of the entire country to the products of that section. Those interested can obtain free illustrated pamphlets and maps upon application to

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THE TEXAS CRUISER

—BY—

T. BURLINGAME ROSS

CHAPTER III.

When Captain Howard reached the shore where his boat was, he found a second boat there, in which there were four men, the fifth one of her men being upon the beach. This latter man Howard recognized as a sergeant of one of the companies stationed at Matamoras, whose name was Beecher.

"Come," cried the captain, "let us go on board and have some supper, and then we'll do our business."

In a few minutes more the party were on the schooner's deck. Supper was ready, and the captain invited Beecher to his cabin, while the other men, who were privates, went forward with the crew.

"Now," said Howard, "what news do you bring from Matamoras?"

"The colonel sent me up, sir," returned the sergeant, "to inform you that that notorious Mexican pirate was in our waters."

"Ha!" uttered Howard, dropping his knife, "do you mean Tudel?"

"Yes, sir. It must have been him. He gave chase to a brig that came from New Orleans to bring us stores. There is another brig due from New Orleans with provisions and clothing for our forts on the Rio Grande, and we have feared that the pirate may overhaul her. The colonel said he believed you had full power to go in pursuit."

"Of course I have. I have a right to take any Mexican vessel I can find—just as much right as any other vessel of war in the United States service."

"It would be a blessing to our people," resumed Beecher, "if you could capture that villain. But mind you—he is not a privateer—not by any means; he is a pirate of the blackest dye."

"I know him," returned the captain, "and I have had my attention turned to him more than once before. I'll hunt him up if possible, you may be assured."

On the following morning all hands were called as soon as the day broke, and having informed them of the purpose he had in hand, the captain ordered the anchors up and sail made. The wind was moderate from the southward, and Howard laid his course to the eastward, intending for a while to keep the track of vessels from New Orleans to Matamoras. Thus he stood on until near night, and just as the sun was going down, a sail was discovered, which at length proved to be a brig standing in toward the coast. Howard found her to be the store brig which was expected at Matamoras.

Then Howard squared away and stood on. During the night a strict watch was kept up, but nothing was seen. On the next morning, however, just as the men were getting up from their breakfast, the lookout at the foretopmast cross-tree reported a sail right ahead. In half an hour more it was made out to be a brig standing to the southward. All sail was put upon the schooner, and at the end of an hour the stranger was found to be a vessel of war of some description, as her ports could be plainly seen.

"She's a Mexican. There's no mistake about that," said Lofton, who had been examining the stranger through his glass.

"And if shre's a Mexican, she must be the pirate," added Howard.

The schooner was kept on, and in fifteen minutes more the brig wore about and stood directly for her. The guns of the schooner were masked by sliding ports, though they were all ready to run out at a moment's notice.

"She don't take, I guess," remarked Lofton, as he noticed the movement of the Mexican.

"But she hopes to take us, without doubt," returned Howard, with a smile. "However, let her work awhile; we'll be sure who she is before we make any decided movement."

The schooner was now standing due east, and the brig was nearly abreast of her. Thus matters rested for half an hour more, and then the brig was not over a mile distant. She hoisted the Mexican flag and fired a gun.

"Isn't that rather cool?" said Hart.

"Rather," returned Howard. "But if he knew who he'd fallen afoul of I'm thinking he'd feel not quite so cool. He takes us for one of the small transports on our way home. Mr. French, you may open the armchest and distribute the ammunition, and then open the magazine. Mr. Lofton, have all hands called, and prepare for action."

The captain took his glass and examined the brig once more; and as he turned again to his officers, his face wore an eager, gratified expression.

"It is Tudel's vessel!" he said. "Mind you—there's no mistake about this. And if he's not our's before the sun sets, then I am very much mistaken as to our power. Stand by now!"

By this time the brig was within half a mile, and had fallen upon the schooner's quarter; all the men of the latter vessel had armed themselves, and were by the guns, ready for the command of the moment. Howard ordered the flag to be run up, and in a moment after the Stars and Stripes fluttered out to the breeze, the brig fired another gun, this time sending a round shot ploughing up the water under the schooner's stern.

"I think our shot will reach her well now," said Howard, turning towards French, the gunner.

"Yes, sir—you may swear to that afore a justice," returned the old salt.

"Then stand by. We'll give 'em a taste of our starboard battery first. Sheets, there, fore and aft. Stand by. Out with the guns!"

This order was quickly obeyed, and as soon as the guns were run out and leveled, and the priming applied, the matches were brought up, and the captain was informed that all was ready.

"Then aim as quickly as possible. Helm a-port—easy. Round in on the sheets. So—steady. Stand by!"

This movement brought the schooner directly across the brig's bows, and the three brass guns upon the starboard side, which were loaded with round shot and a stand of grape, were quickly aimed, the gunner having orders to fire as soon as he could get loaded. It was but a moment's work to level the guns, and then the matches were applied. As soon as the smoke lifted, it could be seen that the brig's foreyard was carried away, and the maintopsail was well cut up.

"By the mass, boys!" cried Howard, as he saw this, "she's ours, and no mistake. Ha! there goes her fore yard—and around she goes into the wind! Be ready with that starboard broadside. In with the grape—let her come."

Howard bade his gunner to fire as quickly as possible, and he did so; and almost at the same moment the brig did the same thing. There was a crashing sound on board the schooner, for a round shot had struck the starboard cathead, and had knocked it to splinters. And there was a deep groan, too—for a man lay upon the forecastle weltering in his blood, and dying. The men gazed upon him—he was a brave and true man—while one of his comrades held his head up.

"Never mind me," the noble fellow cried. "I know you will avenge my death, so I leave you con——"

"Content, he would have said," shouted the boatswain, as he let the dead man's head back upon the deck, and then started to his feet. "Lay us alongside the villain now, sir. Lay us alongside, cap'n, and we'll make quick work of the blood-thirsty dogs!"

"Shall we carry him by the board?" the captain asked, in quick, thrilling tones.

One simultaneous "yes" from the lips of the crew burst upon the air, and on the next moment the order was given for bringing the schooner to the wind. The brig now lay stern-to, and consequently could bring no guns to bear as the Yankees came up. Howard brought his vessel handsomely up under the pirate's quarter, and the graplings were thrown with such exact precision that the schooner's bows were stopped directly beneath the brig's main chains.

It was but the work of a moment for the schooner's crew to gain the deck of of the brig, and when once there they went into the work with a power of purpose which was irresistible. The Mexicans were bold men, but they could not withstand the strange, reckless bravery which met them now. The noble men of the Lone Star seemed almost like warriors inspired. Wherever their blows fell death was sure to follow, and ere long the enemy began to give way.

From the first of the engagement Howard tried to find Jilok Tudel, and he succeeded at length in doing so; but ere they could cross their swords, some of the Mexicans cried out for quarter.

"Never!" shouted Tudel, in blind rage. "Fight to the death, every man of you. By the cross, the first man who flinches shall fall by my own hand! Now, senor capitan, you have found me."

This had the effect of causing the fainting pirates to come up to the work again. As Tudel spoke that last sentence, he crossed swords with Clarence Howard; the pistols had all been fired, and the combat now was with cutlasses alone. At the first stroke Clarence knocked his antagonist's sword down, and would have passed his own weapon through the villain's body, had not one of the Mexican men, who chanced to stand near, knocked it down That moment would have been the young captain's last but for the faithful Peter. The boy's burning patriotism overcame all other considerations and seizing a pistol and cutlass, he leaped upon the pirate's deck just in time to see his commander's sword knocked down and of the point of the enemy's sword at his breast With a lightning-like motion, the boy raised his pistol and shot the Mexican dead. Howard, with a nod of gratitude to his boy, returned to the conflict. Tudel had regained his guard, and his next blow was a downward cut, aiming at his antagonist's head. Quick as thought Clarence sprang forward and caught the coming blow upon his left arm, reaching far enough in to take the hilt upon his arm instead of the blade. The movement was as unexpected as it was sudden, for the Mexican had never before thought of such a thing as warding a sword blow with the naked arm; the force of the blow staggered him, and with one smart blow of his pommel, Clarence felled him upon the deck.

This was the signal for a renewed cry for quarter, and at the word from the Yankee captain, the combat ceased. Tudel had only been stunned by the effects of the blow, and as soon as he could be secured, Howard turned his attention to the crew; the deck was all covered with blood, and the groans of the wounded and dying were loud and agonizing.

"Take them as they come," said Howard. "To those who suffer most, whether friend or foe, render the first assistance; the battle is ended, and we may find use for mercy now."

CHAPTER IV.

As soon as the dead could be buried the brig was rendered fit for sailing, and having put a crew on board sufficient to sail her, Captain Howard shaped his course for Galveston. The prisoners were all confined on board the schooner, where most of them spent their time in cursing their captors.

Jilok Tudel was a man not far from forty years of age, with a complexion almost as dark as an Indian's. He was a lepero by birth and education, and after many years of villainy upon the land, he betook himself to the waters of the gulf as a more extended and profitable field of labor. He was confined upon the after part of the berth-deck, and he might have been allowed the freedom of the schooner had he not made use of the most murderous threats when he was first confined.

Clarence Howard gazed upon this man, and wondered if it was possible that Antonio St Marc had agreed that his sweet child should marry with such a being. He had begun to doubt the truth of the wandering woman's assertions when new proof came from the man's own lips.

One afternoon the young captain went down upon the berth-deck to see how his prisoner came on, and after he had gazed awhile upon Tudel, and was upon the point of turning away, the latter spoke:

"Senor capitan," he said, "what do you mean to do with me?"

"I mean to deliver you up to the authorities at Galveston," was Howard's reply.

"But there is no military station there."

"There is enough for our purpose."

"But look ye, senor—give me my liberty, and I swear to you that three Americans shall be given up to you in exchange."

"But why should I set you at liberty more than the rest of my prisoners?"

"For a very good reason, senor. I am rich enough now to live without more labor, so if I give you my promise that I will not trouble your countrymen any more, circumstances will not force me to break my word. And there is another reason, senor, which, if you are a reasonable man and possess a kind heart, will move you. In the city of my home there is a fair maiden who is waiting anxiously the return of her lover. She asks even now for the husband whom you would keep from her."

"Ah, senor," uttered Clarence, with a strangely fluttering heart, "and are you sure the maiden waits for you?"

"I am, senor capitan."

"Is she a young girl, or have your affections fallen upon one near your own age?" asked Clarence, lightly.

"In our land we do not force the cooler matrons of advanced years into the silken bonds. No, senor—she is not only a young girl, but one of the most lovely in Vera Cruz. Perhaps you may have heard of the Senor Antonio St. Marc?"

"I have heard of him," was Clarence's reply, given in a calm, low tone, for he would not reveal his own feelings in the matter. "He is a very wealthy man, if I mistake not."

"Yes, senor—not only wealthy, but of much influence. If you will set me free, you shall have three American prisoners in exchange."

"I don't wish to pry into your secrets, senor," returned Howard; "but still it appears to me that the maiden has chosen rather strangely."

"Eh?"

"You cannot fail to understand me," resumed the young captain, unmoved. "Surely your past life has not been one to attract respect."

For the moment Tudel seemed inclined to be angry at this, but he quickly overcame the emotion, and assuming a smile, he said

"O, you don't understand the nature of our impulsive, warm-hearted girls. If a man is brave and true, they seldom ask whether he stained his sword on the field, chapparal, or on the sea. But you will exchange me!"

"Where?"

"Why—you have my word that three prisoners shall be released the moment I reach Vera Cruz."

"I rather guess I shall leave that matter to be decided by our Supreme Court at Galveston."

"Eh? Your Supreme—Court? What do you mean by that?"

"Simply that we are not in the habit of reckoning pirates exactly in the same light that we do prisoners of war."

"Pirates, senor!" gasped the wretch, turning pale. "You do not mean that you regard be as such?"

"Upon my soul, Jilok Tudel, I cannot regard you as anything else."

"But—but—I have a regular commission from my government."

"Perhaps you have—and yet you are but a pirate, after all. You have been only a pirate these six or seven years. We will place you in the keeping of the authorities at Galveston, and if you can make them believe that you are an honest man, you are at liberty to do so."

The captive pirate chieftain uttered some dreadful threats as his captor turned away, but they were not noticed. Galveston Island had been reported, and before dark the schooner was safely anchored in the bay, with her prize alongside; and as soon as it became known on shore that the notorious pirate had been captured, the water's edge was lined with enthusiastic men, women and children, who came down to make known their opinion in the matter, by shouting and throwing up hats and kerchiefs, and other demonstrations. Captain Howard went on shore and reported his success, and then returned to his schooner. He went down upon the berth-deck and saw that Tudel was safe, and having been assured that the rest of the prisoners were likewise safe, and having given orders for the keeping up of a strict guard during the night, he retired to his cabin.

The schooner was anchored about half a mile from the shore, and the sentinels had strict orders to keep all boats off during the night. It was near midnight, and yet the young captain sat at his table engaged in reading the newspapers. There was much of exciting news that interested him, and he thought not of his bed. He sat thus, just finishing a long article on the subject of the war, when he thought he heard a dipping sound close under the stern He arose and went to the after part of the cabin, and opened one of the windows and looked out; the moon was hidden behind a dark mass of clouds, and the water was dark; though an object of any respectable size could have been seen at some distance. He looked carefully about upon the surface of the water, but he could see nothing.

There was a hanging lamp in the cabin, and having lowered this so that the flame gave but a faint glimmer, the captain turned in He had hardly placed his head upon his pillow when he was startled by hearing another unusual sound in the water under the stern. He knew this could be no ripple of the waves, and quickly leaping from his berth he sprang to the window and looked out again. Howard could plainly see a dim object moving away from the vessel. He sprang back to his berth and seized his pistols, but before he could regain the window, the lookout hailed the suspicious object. However, the captain hastened to the window and cried out himself; he was sure now that it was a man swimming away.

"Stop! stop!" he cried. "Stop, or I'll shoot you!"

But the object did not stop. On the contrary, it moved off with increased speed, so that there was no more doubt about its identity. The captain fired both his pistols, but without seeming effect. Howard now rushed on deck to find what was the matter, and found some half-dozen of the watch gazing over the taffrail.

"What is it?" the captain cried, as he came up. "Fire! fire!—down into the cutter and bring it alongside—quick! Mr. Hart, are your prisoners all safe?"

"Yes, sir—every one of them."

"And where is Tudel? Is he, too, safe?"

"Nashans is with him, sir," returned Hart.

"Somebody is leaving the schooner. Man the cutter, sir, at once, and I will go below and see Nathans!"

This speaking—three muskets having been fired at the departing object—Captain Howard hastened below, going down by way of the main hatch. He had not got more than half way down before he discovered that there was no light upon the desk, the great lantern which usually burned close by the hatchway having gone out. At the same moment, too, he was run into by some one who was coming up from below.

"Who's this?" asked Howard.

"It's me, sir," uttered a frightened voice.

"And who is me?"

"Jackson, sir. The lantern's gone out, and I was coming up to see what was the matter."

"Then jump to the binnacle and get a light at once and bring it down here. Nathans! Nathans! Nathans! Good heavens! where is the man? Make haste with that lantern! Come—bear a hand!"

(To be continued.)

A Forty-Year Clock.

Three years ago a Chicago jeweler calculated that he would in all probability live forty years. Then he decided to make a clock that would have to be wound but once in forty years. He spent his odd minutes at the task, and has succeeded in producing a wonderful piece of mechanism—the only one of its kind, he claims, in the world. This forty-year timepiece is fifteen inches in diameter, and weighs seventy-five pounds. The movement is geared so that the barrel-wheel containing the mainspring revolves once in two and a half years. When this wheel has made fifty-six revolutions somebody will have to give the key seventeen turns. The clock will then be wound up for another forty years. The first wheel from the barrel moves round at the rate of one turn a year. The dial plate is six inches in diameter. The making of the work took most of the jeweler's leisure for twenty-four months. The movement is fully jeweled. The clock has been put in a hermetically sealed glass case, and it works in a vacuum, thus lessening friction and preventing the oil from drying.

Bulldogs as Table Delicacies.

Here is an amusing episode in connection with Li Hung Chang's visit to Europe in 1896. The Chancellor, out of respect to General Gordon, had placed a wreath at the foot of his monument in Trafalgar Square. The Gordon family were much touched by this homage, and wished to find some means of reciprocating. In vain they cudgeled their brains for a suitable present, until a nephew of Gordon, a great lover of dogs, was suddenly struck with the idea of presenting to Li Hung Chang a remarkable prize bulldog of which he was the owner. It was sent to Li Hung Chang just as he was embarking on his return to China. Some months later came the following acknowledgment: "I was much touched by the splendid present you have been good enough to make me; the beast was magnificent. Unfortunately, my digestion is not equal to such a delicacy, but my suite enjoyed it very much."—Messager de Bruxelles.

As Alike as Dutch Dolls.

Such little innocents Dutch children look, but in reality they are the most mischievous little rascals in the world. They would wait in swarms outside my hotel in Holland, and follow me to my workshop clamoring for coppers, which they generally managed to get. Some of them would get tipped twice over—they are so much alike in their general "get up" that it is difficult to distinguish them. I once had a little model posing for me all day, and the next she did not turn up, so my friend went round for the reason, and he was surprised to hear from the indignant mother that I had only given her daughter about twopence. I discovered afterward that this was the case—but I had given 5 shillings to another little girl who had been standing in my light all day.—Magazine of Art.

A Good Word for the Harem.

A lady who has been a governess for two years in a harem in Cairo, which brought her into contact with the ladies of the court, speaks very highly of the harem as an institution. She says: "I do not mean to assert that there are no evils in the lot of the Eastern female, but I do assert that she commiserates her Western sister, who has not that "sanctity" guaranteed through the exclusiveness of the harem. Where the most abject hut is the sole shelter of the family, woman is sacred from the intrusion of men who are not her kindered; her veil serves all the purposes of the harem in protecting her from insult when abroad; no man dare attempt to lift a woman's veil."

A Revolution in Automobiles.

A new automobile has been invented by a Russian named Hwal Serky. He has discovered a new system of locomotion based on the use of a certain kind of salt, the composition of which is as yet his secret. Two pounds of this salt placed in the box of the automobile, and subjected to a certain heat, forms a gas which puts a cylinder in movement. The automobiles that were tried in Moscow produced the best results. The Emperor of Russia, who takes great interest in this invention, intends to send Serky to Paris to make known his secret. The Russian press is of opinion that it will cause a great revolution in the trade.—Lisbon O Dia.

When the Sun Goes Down in Turkey.

In Turkey the disappearance of the sun at night is accounted for by the periodical retirement of that pious luminary for prayers and religious reflection.

It very often happens that a man's commanding presence gets him no greater honors through life than to be marshal of the day at a county fair.

A fool always has plenty of fool admirers.

AROUND A BIG STATE

BRIEF COMPILATION OF ILLINOIS NEWS.

Venice Visited by Marauders—Bloody Encounter with Ex-Convict—Catholic Institution Near Lebanon—Missouri Man's Death—Hidden by Robbers.

Burglars caused a reign of terror in Venice on a recent night. Several residences were entered. Two street battles were fought between the officers and the outlaws. The burglars were first discovered in the kitchen of the Foerster saloon. Foerster's family was awakened and Foerster fired two shots at the marauders. They were next heard of at Alderman William Ballhorn's residence, but did not gain an entrance. They went to Albert Brammell's residence, and had opened a window when discovered by the officers. Several shots were exchanged, but the burglars escaped. They continued endeavoring to enter residences. Street Commissioner George Stallings' and George Hartung's residences being entered when the officers again arrived. Shots were again exchanged. One of the fugitives was seen to fall, but was assisted by his companions and all escaped.

Fights Duel with Thief.

Police Officer Preston Howey arrested a stranger who was attempting to dispose of some postage stamps in Springfield and started to the station with him. Near the entrance to police headquarters the prisoner turned on the officer, staggered him with a blow and, drawing a gun to cover his retreat, ran down an alley. Howey also drew his revolver and started in pursuit, and a running fight occurred, in which the prisoner was twice wounded. After he had run several blocks he fell faint from the loss of blood, but it is believed he will survive his wounds. The prisoner refuses to give any information concerning himself, but he has been identified as August Miller, a post-office robber, who is well known to the Chicago police and the Pinkerton people. He has served time at Joliet.

Had Foreboding of Death.

While on his way to Havana, Cuba, with a shipment of bees S. P. Culley, an apiarist of Higginsville, Mo., was crushed to death at Venice beneath the wheels of a long freight train. In a pocket of the man's vest was found a letter he had written to his wife since his departure from home. It informed her of forebodings which he had had the previous night. He said he had a feeling that some misfortune would befall him or his family during his journey. The letter was soaked with his blood.

Plans a Catholic College.

Bishop J. J. Janssen of the Belleyue Catholic diocese has purchased Glen-Addie, a magnificent country mansion ten miles southwest of Lebanon, and will establish there a new Catholic College for boys. Glen-Addie consists of a large tract of land and a splendid mansion erected in 1865 by Col. Morrison, a hero of the Blackhawk war, and is one of the finest country places in the State.

Robbers Hide Their Victim.

Elon Steer of Castleton, who mysteriously disappeared recently, was found at Douglas. His head was bleeding and his mind wandering from the effects of a terrible beating. He had been attacked by two men, his money taken and his unconscious form hidden under a corn shock. When his senses partially returned he made his way on foot into Douglas, thirty miles from his home.

Clayton Postoffice Robbed.

The postoffice at the town of Clayton was entered by burglars. The safe was blown to pieces by an explosion of nitroglycerin and $175 in cash was stolen. About $600 in postage stamps was not disturbed. Two families live in flats over the postoffice, but the burglars fastened their doors so that they could not escape and give an alarm.

State Items of Interest.

Urbana's new court house will be finished next spring.

North Peoria, a suburb of 2,000 population, has voted to annex to the city of Peoria by a majority of 35.

Sidney Lanier, aged 40, for many years traveling freight agent of the Plant system, with headquarters at Birmingham, Ala., a position which he resigned recently on account of ill health, died of tuberculosis at Anna.

Ben Jenkins, a well-known resident, died at Beardstown. He had left a sick bed to witness a Republican parade, and the excitement proved fatal.

Near Pana, Daniel Phipps killed a black eagle on his farm that measured seven feet from tip to tip. When killed the eagle had a young lamb in his talons.

Gov. Tanner has issued a requisition for the extradition of Charles Weaver and Frank Howard, under arrest at Muscatine, Iowa, wanted at Rock Island for grand larceny.

Noel Brosseau, 35 years old, a prominent citizen of Concordia, Kan., while visiting relatives in Kankakee, became suddenly insane, it is believed, over politics, and attempted his life.

The body of Frank Baldwin, a member of the painters' union, was found in the road near Bradford with a bullet wound in the head and a revolver in the hand. It is thought the man committed suicide because he was out of work.

John Haas, fifty years old, an inmate of St. Joseph's hospital at Alton, escaped from the institution by jumping out of a second-story window. Deputy Sheriff Dreiseorner noticed Haas running along the railroad tracks east of the city, and knowing of his escape, gave chase. Haas proved the faster of the two and was soon out of sight.

Suits for damages estimated at an aggregate of $750,000 to $1,000,000 have been filed by the Chicago School Board against the elevated railway companies, whose tracks and traffic are alleged to have damaged school property.

Robert Ramsey and Joseph Bowe, Springfield boys, went hunting and the former's shotgun was accidentally discharged. The load of shot took effect in Bowe's right thigh and inflicted a terrible wound. Owing to the fact that they were some distance from a house the wounded boy came near bleeding to death.

Blue Mound is to have an electric light plant.

A man near Farmington has established an Angora goat farm.

Milk has been advanced 2 cents a gallon by the Milk Dealers' Union in Chicago.

At Mattoon, William Eaton was found dead in bed at his boarding house, death being caused by a dose of morphine.

Edward Edmonds and Miss Cora Cole of Decatur surprised their friends by slipping to Jacksonville and getting married.

Prof. George E. Fellows of the department of history at the University of Chicago was awakened by a burglar who had entered his residence near that institution. The thief took a pair of trousers and a vest, a gold watch and two pocketbooks.

Mrs. E. H. Owens and her 9-months-old child had a miraculous double escape from death in Chicago. They were thrown violently from a buggy and tossed upon the fender of a rapidly moving car. The two were carried 200 feet before the car could be stopped.

In order that the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad may enter Peoria from Sterling it will wipe the village of Pottstown, a mining community, off the map of Peoria County. The railroad has purchased the entire town and will move every house in it, with the exception of five. The site occupied by the town will be used by the railroad for yards. The company has also purchased large lots of property in the lower end of Peoria, including the Standard Distillery and other similar interests.

Adjt. Gen. Reece has ordered a board of survey in Company G, First infantry, I. N. G., to investigate the loss of certain ordnance, ordnance stores and clothing, the property of the United States and of the State of Illinois, for which Captain Adolph J. Rosenthal, Company G, First infantry, is accountable. Another board of survey is ordered in Company K, First infantry, to convene at the same time, to inquire into the loss of property for which Captain George K. Herman of Company K is accountable.

Misses Bessie and Annette Moore of Litchfield, who were arrested some days ago, charged with defrauding a Newark, N. J., woman, were released in the Boston court. They will enter suit against Mrs. Florence Bailey and her husband of Newark for false arrest and then start for home. Mrs. Bailey was getting up a charitable entertainment and hired the Misses Moore, who are strikingly handsome, to sell tickets in Newark. They decided to abandon the enterprise, and, placing the tickets in an envelope, mailed them to Mrs. Bailey from Boston, where they were arrested.

Marcus Aurner, 35 years old and for eleven years a mail clerk in Chicago, was found dead at Kingston, near the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul tracks. It is thought probable that a murder has been committed. If so it is one of the most brutal in this State for years, as every bone in the body was broken and many crushed. It was picked up shortly after the flyer had gone through, and some say he might have jumped from the train, that was going forty miles an hour. His home was formerly Kingston and his father died there a few weeks ago. He made frequent trips there in settling the estate.

Dr. Harry Jones, assistant State veterinary surgeon, was assaulted in Springfield by two strangers. One of the men stabbed him in the arm with a knife and also thrust the blade into his right eye, destroying the sight. The doctor was sitting in his office when the two men called on him. One of them said one of his thumbs was sprained and he wanted it dressed. The doctor advised the man to go to a physician, explaining to him that he was a veterinary surgeon. This aroused the ire of the visitor and he abused the doctor. A threat to eject them caused both men to attack him. Will Smith, who went to Dr. Jones' assistance, was also stabbed, but not seriously.

While testing a gasoline stove in the store of N. M. Simonds, manufacturer of cooking apparatus in Chicago, Charles Kovton, aged 17, was seriously burned. Kovton was touching a lighted match to one of the stove burners when the oil in the supply tank ignited and an explosion followed. The young man's clothes were quickly in a blaze. With a terrified cry he started for the front door of the store. For a moment he stood on the pavement irresolute, and then threw himself into the gutter, which was filled with mud and water. There he writhed, attempting in vain to extinguish the flames. His screams could be heard for blocks and a number of citizens were attracted to the scene. A blanket was procured and Kovton was soon relieved.

J. R. B. Van Cleave, State superintendent of insurance, has been temporarily enjoined in the Sangamon Circuit Court from paying over to the State Treasurer, F. K. Whittemore, certain moneys he has collected under the insurance laws of Illinois. The petition for injunction was made by forty-one insurance companies doing business in the State. Superintendent Van Cleave, the companies charge, has taxed in excess of their premiums. The total tax from the forty-one companies amounts to $15,084.87. This was paid by the companies under protest. They paid the superintendent a 2 per cent tax on the premiums as full payment of all taxes due from the companies. In the report they omitted all premiums that had been returned to them on cancellation of policies. They charge that Insurance Commissioner Van Cleave demanded taxation on payment of these premiums, claiming that they were improperly omitted and were subject to taxation.

Five-year-old William Schultz broke his leg in Chicago. His father took him to his mother, who passed him on to his grandmother, the latter turning him over to his great-grandmother; she carried him to a police station, where his leg was set by a doctor called by the sergeant in charge, after which the small sufferer was sent to the county hospital.

Mrs. William Hermann was found dead on the front porch of her house on Railroad avenue, Decatur. Her husband recently ran away and deserted his tailoring business and his family, and it is supposed that Mrs. Hermann committed suicide.

At Benton City Marshal William Newman attempted to arrest Monroe Jones. Jones opened fire on the marshal's approach. Newman returned the fire, and when friends reached them Jones was dead, having four bullets in his body, and Newman had two bullets through the bowels. Newman will probably die.

When You Go to Florida.

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W. C. RINEARSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, Cincinnati.

Good Boys.

The Yale boys are great letter-writers. A sub-station of the New Haven post-office has just been established at the university, and the postmaster estimates that the mail of Yale students and professors alone that will pass through it, will equal that sent through offices in towns of twelve to fifteen thousand inhabitants.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Eggs and mulberry trees were sent out to Georgia by the British government shortly after the settlement of the colony.

To Mothers of Large Families.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



MRS. CARRIE BELLEVILLE.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family.

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A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

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WORK FOR CONGRESS.

MAY BE EXTRA SESSION TO DISPOSE OF BUSINESS.

Needs of the Army with Appropriations and Apportionment Urgent—Nicaragua Canal Bill Must Also Be Taken Up in Senate on Dec. 10.

Washington correspondence:



THE short session of the Fifty-sixth Congress, which will begin on Dec. 3 and continue until March 4, will have a number of very important bills up for consideration, and the uncompleted work will probably compel the President to call an extra session of the Fifty-seventh Congress early next year, possibly as early as the call for the Fifty-fifth Congress four years ago, which met on March 15, 1897.

The appropriation bills have the right of way at the short session, and as these must be passed before the close of the session or Congress fail to provide for the government, Chairman Cannon in the House and Chairman Allison in the Senate will take no chances by allowing general legislation to endanger the bills prepared by the committees on appropriations. These bills will monopolize a good part of the three months of the session.

There are two bills which must be considered outside of the appropriation bills. These must provide for the basis of reapportionment under the new census and for the reorganization of the army. The apportionment under the new census law is obligatory. The constitution requires that the apportionment of Representatives according to population must be made within ten years from the date of the last apportionment. The Fifty-first Congress made the last apportionment at the short session in February, 1891. This makes it necessary that the Fifty-Sixth Congress shall make the new apportionment.

New Appointments to Be Made.

The census returns are ready, and Congressman Hopkins of Illinois, as chairman of the census committee, will have a bill prepared to apportion the representatives so as not to increase the membership of the House. The present apportionment is one Representative for every 173,901. The increase in population will make necessary an increase in the number of population for each Representative. It will be increased to about 200,000, as that will keep the membership of the House about as it now is in numbers. On this basis Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, and Texas would each gain two representatives, and several other Western States would each gain one. There need be little time consumed with such legislation, unless the Crumpacker bill is brought forward and an effort made to make the basis of representation in the South exclusive of those disfranchised by reason of their color. The Crumpacker bill would precipitate a fight which would consume much time.

The Nicaragua bill, which passed the House last May, is before the Senate, and by special order it will be taken up in that body at 2 o'clock on Dec. 10. Senator Morgan secured unanimous consent to this special order on the closing day of the long session, and he will be on hand to insist on the Senate taking up the canal bill. The bill will not be passed until the Senate has taken some action on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The Hepburn canal bill ignores the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and before it can become law that treaty must be modified as in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, or by formal abrogation.

The Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

The administration will press the Hay-Pauncefote treaty for ratification. The State Department has been engaged in negotiations with Nicaragua for a new concession, and will report to Congress, but no indication has yet been given as to the success of this effort.

There will be a bill for the reorganization of the army. This is one of the necessities in the way of legislation. The present army of nearly 100,000 men will of necessity be reduced to 27,000 men after June 30, unless some provision is made for continuing it at the larger figure between now and the close of the fiscal year. The present act was only a temporary makeshift, as to both the increase of the regular organization and the volunteers. It provides for these increases until June 30, 1901, and that after that date the army shall be reduced to the old establishment of 27,000 men.

The report of General MacArthur shows that a considerable force must be kept in the Philippines for some time to come. To provide for that force there must be legislation between now and June 30, as on July 1 next the larger part of the army in the Philippines will have to be discharged and sent home. If such legislation is not enacted by the Fifty-sixth Congress, before March 4, the Fifty-Seventh Congress must be called in extraordinary session soon after that date to pass an army reorganization bill.

Elections Aftermath.

Iowa's Republican plurality is placed at 99,072.

The Republicans will have a majority of nine on joint ballot in the next Utah Legislature.

It is figured in Washington that the Republicans will lose two votes in the next Senate.

In his home county (Stark), President McKinley gained nearly 2,000 over his plurality of 1896.

The Republicans of St. Louis are figuring on a contest on the ground that from 3,500 to 5,000 fraudulent votes were counted for the Democrats.

A boom for Samuel Alschuler, late Democratic candidate for Governor of Illinois, for the Vice Presidential nomination in 1904 has been started at his home at Aurora, Ill.

The Executive Committee of the National Association of Anti-Imperialist Clubs, at a meeting in New York City, decided to reorganize the association and continue the work of opposition to the Republican policy in the Philippines.

MARCUS DALY PASSES AWAY.

Montana Copper King Dies in New York of Bright's Disease.

Marcus Daly, the famous mine owner, of Montana, died Monday in New York. Bright's disease complicated with heart weakness was the cause of death.

Marcus Daly was born in Ireland about sixty years ago. He came to the United States at the age of 13 and settled near San Francisco, where his first work was digging potatoes on a ranch. He went to the mines before he was 15 and grew up surrounded by gold and silver. While yet a mere boy he was engaged by Mackey, Flood and O'Brien as foreman of the Comstock mine. His success in California in the boom days led to an acquaintance with J. B. Haggin, Lloyd Tevis and the late Senator Hearst, who sent him to Montana in 1880 to manage their mines. He took hold of the Anaconda copper properties and managed them so successfully that in twenty years his own profits were about $20,000,000—or an average of $1,000,000 a year.

While still retaining his interests in his mining and other enterprises Mr. Daly some time ago retired from their active management and took up his residence in



MARCUS DALY.

New York City. Mr. Daly and Ross Clark, brother of his great rival, ex-Senator Clark, married sisters. Mrs. Daly and a daughter survive.

Of late Mr Daly had figured prominently in politics as the rival of ex-Senator Clark in Montana. Daly had aspirations for the Senate himself, and both he and Clark were charged with lavish use of money in buying votes in the State Legislature. It was on charges made by Daly's friends that the United States Senate made an investigation which resulted in the unseating of Senator Clark.

SENATOR CUSHMAN K. DAVIS.

His Black Silk Stockings Brought Him Close to Death.

The grave fears entertained of late as to the condition of Cushman K. Davis, United States Senator from Minnesota, who recently underwent an operation to save himself from death from blood poisoning, have been dispelled and there is now no question of the Senator's speedy and complete recovery. The trouble which came so near having a fatal termination was caused by the dye of a black silk stocking which entered Mr. Davis' system through an abrasion of the skin of his foot.



C. K. DAVIS.

Senator Davis is the President's leader in the Senate and also is one of the foremost lawyers and speakers of the body. His marked ability is recognized and he is now serving as chairman of the foreign affairs committee, which, having so many international and colonial questions on hand, is one of the most important connected with the administration.

Senator Davis is a native of New York State and was born in 1837. Early in life he removed to the West, and when 19 years old had graduated from the University of Michigan. Two years he served in the army and then took up the practice of law. Entering politics, he soon became a power in his State and in 1857 was elected to the Minnesota Legislature. Then for five years he was the United States district attorney for the State, after which for one year he served as Governor. Twelve years after he was chosen to the United States Senate, and there he has since been.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

The Committee on Site and Design for the $100,000 monument for the victims of the Maine disaster has selected three designs.

The military reservation at St. Michael, Alaska, has been reduced by the War Department to a circular plat of ten miles on all sides of the flag-staff.

Gossip is in circulation in army circles regarding the prospect of the return from the Philippines of Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, Governor General; Maj. Gen. J. C. Bates and Brig. Gen. F. D. Grant, all of whom have been there since the beginning of the rebellion.

The War Department has drawn up its plan for the reorganization of the regular army. It is to consist of 85,000 men. There are to be thirty infantry regiments, twelve cavalry regiments and a corps of artillery equivalent to twelve regiments. This plan will be submitted to Congress by the Secretary of War.

According to a close personal and political friend of Pension Commissioner H. Clay Evans, he is to be the next Postmaster General of the United States.

Postmaster General Smith will, in his annual report, call attention to the abuses of second-class mail matter privileges, and ask for the general extension of the rural free delivery system.

The State Department has instructed United States Consul Gunnere, at Tangiers, to demand the immediate payment by Morocco of the indemnity for the murder of Marcus Essagin, an American.

His Prescription.

A physician who was slightly deaf, but did not like to acknowledge it, was summoned one evening, just as he was on the point of retiring for the night, by a ring at his door-bell.

He called through the speaking-tube: "Well?"

"Doctor," said a voice in reply, "this is Harrison Yearick. I——"

"Harrison? Got the earache? Heat a brick, wrap it in dampened flannel, and keep it close to your ear till morning."

"But that isn't——"

"That is all I should prescribe for you if I should see you, Mr. Harrison. If it isn't better in the morning, let me know. Good-night."

And disdaining further conversation, he crawled into bed, while Mr. Harrison Yearick, who was suffering from neuralgia, went away to find another doctor.

HELPED THE CHIEF.

How a Loyal Engineer Did His Brother Great Service.

Meadville, Pa., Nov. 12, 1900.—(Special.)—The Loyalty of the Members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is proverbial. A circumstance occurred in this city some days ago, which emphasizes this feeling.

Frank J. Zeller is chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers No. 143. He is extremely popular among his fellow railway men, and one of the best known engineers running out of Meadville. When the announcement was made a short time ago that Frank was pretty sick, it caused a great deal of regret among the boys. Soon he was missed from his engine, having had to "lay off" on account of his back. A brother of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who had been ill with similar symptoms some time before, and who had been pulled through, called to see Mr. Zeller, and in a brotherly way took with him a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the remedy which had cured him. He advised Mr. Zeller to try them, with the result that after seven boxes had been used, he was entirely well, and able to work.

In an interview Mr. Zeller states:

"I had suffered for four years with this affliction, being often kept awake at night with pains, and at times unable to work. I tried several of the advertised remedies, and found that they did me no earthly good. Finally, a member of our order, who had been cured of Kidney Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills brought me a box, and asked me to try them. I had little faith in them, but as a drowning man grasps at a straw to help him, so I took the pills. I used seven boxes, and am today as well and strong a man as there is in Pennsylvania."

Naturally, Mr. Zeller feels very grateful, and his complete recovery has delighted his many friends, and none more than the good brother, who feels that he was instrumental in saving the life of the chief.

Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure Kidney Trouble.

Sold for 50 cents a box, all dealers.

Protean Forms.

We were particularly interested in Proteus.

"Now, candidly," said we, "were you as versatile as you have been cracked up to be?"

"Versatile!" exclaimed Proteus, "Well, it's not for me to brag, but I'll just bet you $4 that if I were in public life to-day it wouldn't hustle me much to look like all my portraits in the newspapers!"

Of course, in mere politeness, we affected to believe this.—Detroit Journal.

Queer Visiting Cards.

In Korea visiting cards are a foot square. The savages of Dahomey announce their visits to each other by a wooden board or the branch of a tree artistically carved. This is sent on in advance, and the visitor, on taking leave, pockets his card, which probably serves him for many years. The natives of Sumatra also have a visiting card consisting of a piece of wood about a foot long and decorated with a bunch of straw and a knife.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh poisons every breath that is drawn into the lungs. There is procurable from any druggist the remedy for its cure. A small quantity of Ely's Cream Balm placed into the nostrils spreads over an inflamed and angry surface, relieves immediately the painful inflammation, cleanses, heals and cures. Drying inhalants, fumes, smokes and snuffs simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants, use Ely's Cream Balm. It is reliable and will cure catarrh, cold in the head and hay fever easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

Killed by a Catfish.

A girl at Marion, Kan., died from a wound on the hand made by the barb on the back of a catfish.

The famous rivers of ancient Greece, which are mentioned so often by the poets and historians of the peninsula, were mere creeks, some of them scarcely larger than brooks, and not deserving the name of river.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50-cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

No Turkish Crown.

The Sultan possesses no crown, coronation being unknown in Turkey.

Jell-O, the New Dessert.

Pleases all the family. Four flavors—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocer's. 10 cts. Try it to-day.

Modest Marriage Fee.

A Jersey City justice was recently paid a marriage fee of 10 cents.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance.

Don't think an indulgent husband always goes home full.

They Have No Religion.

The savage's conception of religion is very different from that of the civilized man, and the lower orders of savages are exceedingly shy with white men on this subject; hence Max Mueller may be right when he says that "wherever there is human life there is religion." At the same time the evidence of many noted travelers and keen observers goes to show that there are tribes in existence which appear to have no conception of religion in the usual acceptance of the term. Among these may be named the Pigmies of the Aruwimi forest, the Bushmen of South Africa, the Veddahs of Ceylon, the Fuegans (in whom Darwin was unable to discover any trace of religion), the Indians of the Gran Chaco in South America and some Indians of California. In former times many of the south sea islanders had no religion, but have since become Christians. It is also said that those extraordinary people, the gypsies, have no definite conception of religion. At the same time it should be remembered that if the word "religion" is held to cover belief in good and evil spirits, witchcraft, and so on, then it is probably universal.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

After Napoleon was crowned Emperor his imperial toes became so tender that he could wear only new silken stockings. He never wore a pair but three days, then put on another, the discarded stockings becoming the perquisite of his valet.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Don't be too sure it is a compliment to be told you sing like a bird. The screech owl is a bird.

There is no other ink "just as good" as Carter's Ink. There is only one ink that is best of all and that is Carter's Ink. Use it.

The silk worm is liable to over 100 diseases.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

All moths produce some form of silk.

Violet Roses.

The announcement made a year ago that a German rose grower had succeeded in raising blue roses is now corrected by an eminent horticulturist, who declares that the variety in question is not blue, but dark violet. Blue roses, he thinks, are as impossible as black tulips.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, delicious and healthful. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! Add water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry, Strawberry. At your grocer's. 10 cts.

No Doubt of It.

Mr. Glibleigh—What is the cause of so many divorces?

Miss Sourleigh—So many marriages.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price, 25 and 50c.

Easy to Talk.

The people who talk about "vulgar trade" are usually the ones who never pay their bills.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Humility is a divine veil which covers our good deeds, and hides them from our eyes.—St. John Climacus.



Beware of Them

There are two afflictions which perhaps give the most pain and trouble, viz:

Sciatica and Lumbago

Both disable and cripple, but

St. Jacobs Oil

is their best cure.

ST. VITUS' DANCE

Three great and complete cures effected by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.



Mrs. J. A. Ferre, who resides near 905 Main Street, Hartford, Conn., says:

"My daughter Lulu became very ill with St. Vitus' dance over a year ago. She became so bad that she lost the use of her right arm and side, and we thought at one time she would lose her speech. Her tongue was almost paralyzed. She was so bad she could not feed herself, and at night she would get so nervous I had to sit and hold her. I tried several doctors, but they did not do her any good. I did not find anything that would help her until I tried Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. She is now, by the use of this medicine, entirely cured."

C. H. Bailey, Esq., of Waterbury, Vt., writes:

"I am more than glad to write about my little daughter. Until a short time ago she had always been a very delicate child and subject to sick spells lasting weeks at a time. She was very nervous, and our family doctor said we would never raise her, she was so delicate and feeble. We tried many remedies without the least good. We felt much anxiety about her, especially as no doctors could benefit her, and had great fear for her future. Learning of the wonders being done by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I determined to give it to her. She soon commenced to improve under its use, and rapidly gained in every respect. She eats and sleeps well, and her nerves are strong. The medicine has done wonders for her and it is the best we ever knew. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, to everybody."

Mrs. J. Learmonth, of 776 Broadway, South Boston, Mass., says:

"At ten years of age my daughter became affected with a nervous condition which soon developed into St. Vitus' dance. It was pronounced by the attending physician to be a very severe attack. The mouth would be drawn spasmodically far to one side, the hands and arms were restless and constantly twitching. Her limbs also were weak; her ankles bent under her so that it was almost impossible to walk. She was so nervous that she would scream almost like a maniac and then have fits of crying. After two months' treatment without a cure, I concluded to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Three bottles entirely cured her. She is now thirteen years old, and has been well ever since, and to-day is a picture of health."

$9785 Per Year from $50 invested in a nice, clean business. BOX B. 300, Franklin Grove, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

CORNS EASILY REMOVED By home treatment or money returned. Send 25c by mail to O. J. Barrenpohl, 120 East 45th St., N. Y. City.

In writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. at Antioch
8:35 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:48 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:20 PM
4:00 PM	N. 13, Daily	6:37 PM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
7:53 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:25 AM
11:17 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:10 PM
4:20 PM	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:25 PM
9:00 PM	No. 2, Daily	10:55 PM

W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. *Visiting Neighbors always welcome*

J. C. JAMES, JR., V. C.,
C. M. CONNER Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

R. C. HIGGINS, Sec. JOHN WELSH, W. M.

ANTIOCH LOCALS.

Items of Local Importance Collected, Contributed and Stolen.

Note the change in time of departure of the milk train.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Tobiason, were Chicago visitors Monday.

Andrew Efinger and family, of Waukegan, are visiting with Antioch relatives and friends.

Mrs. John Hancock and baby, of Marshfield, Wis., are visiting with Antioch relatives.

Fred Ames, of Chicago, visited his parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. H. Ames, in this city, over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Moore and daughter, have moved to this city and occupy part of the L. K. Willett house.

Miss Ethel Thayer is at home on the sick list, from Milwaukee, where she has been attending school.

Miss Maude Grandy, of Garfield, Kansas, is visiting her grand-mother, Mrs. Phebe T. Ames, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Archy Vickers have arrived home after a visit of several weeks with relatives in Michigan.

Look out for the chrysanthemum show and New England supper some time next month. Watch for date.

Barker Lumber Company, will pay market price for small lots of wheat, providing a carload can be obtained.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Sanford, of Rockwell, Iowa, are visiting their mother, Mrs. M. A. Pratt, near Channel Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Delany have moved to this city and occupy the Ries cottage in the Johonnott addition.

H. Paul Fairman, Assistant Manager of the Chicago Telephone Company, visited Antioch friends over Sunday.

D. F. Babcock, of St. Louis, is visiting at Lawndale farm and with other relatives around Antioch, having come to attend the Harden-Riggs wedding.

The Wilmot Prosperity Club will give a dance at Woodman hall, Wilmot, Wis., Friday evening of this week and extend a cordial invitation to all.

At a special meeting of Lotus Camp M. W. A., held Monday evening, Earl Grice and S. M. Hungerford were initiated into the order.

The ladies of the Angola Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. Mary Kerr on Tuesday, Nov. 20, for dinner. All are cordially invited. Lottie Cribb, Sec'y.

The Sand Lake Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. Lucy Wright on Thursday, Nov. 22. Dinner will be served. Everybody invited. Mrs. A. M. Douglas, Sec'y.

Earl Grice and S. M. Hungerford started for Bute, Montana, Tuesday morning, to win fame and fortune in the wild and woolly west. Their many Antioch friends wish them success.

Those who attended the Harden-Riggs wedding from a distance, were Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Riggs and Mr. Mrs. John Hancock, Marshfield, Wis., Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Jackson, Chicago, D. F. Babcock, St. Louis, Mo., Will and Miss Ellie Rea, St. Paul, and Miss Carrie Chard, Chicago.

Some three weeks ago Miss Lulu Thayer, of this city, won the gold medal in the Epworth League contest at Wadsworth. Last week she won the grand gold medal in the contest at Gurnee. As a speaker Miss Thayer has few equals in the county, and her many Antioch friends congratulate her upon her merited success.

EMMONS' DRUG STORE,

Established 1894.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

are now in stock and we would call your especial attention to the following:

SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES. of which we carry a very large stock

Our leader is the Kohinoor lense—none better
Next best, the famous a $1.00 spectable.
The cheaper, even down to 25c per pair.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES
Box paper and envelopes; large stock and all prices.

Tablets for pen and pencil.
Pens—Spencerian, Stub, Bank and Hall's.
Hall's Ink—Try it and you will use no other

PATENT MEDICINES.
Full stock and many new kinds, as Vesey's Star Anti-Cholera for Hogs and Poultry.

Our Own Comp: Extract Sarsaparilla, Extract Celery Comp., Beef, Wine and Iron; Cough Cure, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS—We use the best drugs that we can buy.

CIGARS— the Tansill still leads.

STOVES—We have for sale two heaters, one coal and one wood heater

Emmons' Drug Store,
BRICK BLOCK

You
Should
Attend the
Chrysanthemum
Show at Antioch Opera
House, afternoon and evening,
Wednesday, November 21st, 1900.

Roy Felter, of Walworth, made a fine record in husking corn last week, having husked 300 bushels in three days.

For Sale: A highly improved farm of 125 acres, near Salem, Wis.. No trades. For particulars address THE NEWS, Antioch, Ill. 45tf

Miss Antionette Driars, of Oak Park, returned to her home Monday, after having spent some time with the Misses Maude and Effie Harden.

For Sale or Rent—Farm of 118 acres, under cultilation, with good well and buildings, in the town of Grant. Inquire of W. M. Simes, Dighton, Ill., or by telephone.

Wanted—Girl for general housework in family of two; must understand plain cooking. Wages $3 per week. Address J., care ANTIOCH NEWS. 9w2

Wanted to work on shares—A farm with stock and farming tools, about 20 cows preferred. Plenty of help and willing to work. Address THE NEWS, Antioch, Ill. 10tf

Wanted—From 80 to 100 ton of covering hay. Will pay $5 per ton delivered at the Loon Lake ice house, in any quantity, from 1 to 100 loads. Esh Bros. & Rabe. 10w2

C. C. Tiffany has sold to Wm. Wincke the Siver farm of 120 acres, east of town. Consideration $5,400. Mr. Wincke will take possession of the farm in March.

Mrs. W. E. Bettridge, of Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Barnstable, and other Antioch relatives during the absence of Mr. Bettridge on a hunting trip in Montana.

Remember our facilities for getting out job work of all kinds is unsurpassed by any office in the county and we are espically at home on auction bills and on the ground floor as to price. Come in and let us figure on anything you want in the job line.

Last week Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Blair and son Ira, were the guests of their brother, August Klug and wife, of Reesville, Wisconsin, the occasion being the marriage of their son William They report a very enjoyable time. They also visited with other friends on their way homeward.

It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds it has cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has averted and of the children it has saved from attacks of croup and whooping cough. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Thomson's Pharmacy, Grayslake.

Editor Sees Wonders.

Editor W. V. Barry of Lexington, Tenn., in exploring Mammoth Cave, contracted a severe case of Piles. His quick cure through using Bucklen's Arnica Salve convinced him it is another world's wonder. Cures Piles, Injuries, Inflammation and all Bodily Eruptions. Only 25c at drug stores.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

We open this week

New invoices of Dry Goods, in which you will find

Flannel Suitings, latest colors and shades

Elder Downs, Cloakings, and Trimmings

Fine Black Dress Goods from 40 cents to $1.50

New Velvet Trimmings.

New Blankets, Underwear, and Wrappers.

Now open; the finest line of Knit Goods, including Fascinators and Skirts. In fascinators we can offer unusual bargains. A good fascinator only 35c. The finest Ice Wool, hand-made fascinators from 25 cents to $1.00.

Royal Worcester Corsets, Buttrick's Patterns; Fashion sheets free } Agency at the Big Store.

Miss Hattie Ames will show a full line of samples and take orders for Chas. A. Stevens & Bros. made to order garments, including Furs, Waists, Cloaks, Skirts and Suits. These goods are noted for their elegance and worth.

Fall and Winter Overcoats

We have the latest styles including many of the new shades, and can offer you bargains such as would cost 50 per cent more elsewhere. A fine overcoat only $8.00. Ulsters only $5.00; others at correspondingly low vale.

Underwear

Our underwear is complete in wool mixed and cotton goods, all sizes, from infants' to a giant's size; fleeced lined, double faced front and back only 75c.

St. Paul Fur Coats

If you have to be exposed to the winter weather these are an indispensible article. Get the best.

Gloves and Mittens

From the Bradt & Shipman DeKalb factory are unequaled for fit, finish and wearing quality.

Hats and Caps

The Latest Styles, Best Goods and Lowest Prices.

First and Finest

Cranberries only 12c qt.

The best CHEESE always—Crawford Country. "My, it's Good!"

Our 18c COFFEE is a bargain; has great value. Others get 25c. for no better

Chase & Sanborn's Choice Mocha an Java 30c, sold by others for 40 cents.

FISH are cheap——
Try our Mackerel, one 10 cents.
10-pound kit of White Fish 70 cents
20-pound kit of " " $1.10

Monarch Mince Meat, 10c, 3 packages 25c.

New Fels' Natha Soap. Try it.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 3 cents per lb.

Fresh Bread daily.

Always Fat Bananas here.

A big demand for EGGS. We want every one to be had. Will pay highest prices.

ALWAYS BEST — **WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" Minnesota Flour** — ALWAYS CHEAPEST

Only 2.50 for an Air-Tight Stove better ones $3.50 and 5.25

They are all the rage; will save fuel and labor

GARLAND Coal and Wood Heaters.
GARLAND Steel Ranges.
ACORN Heaters and Cooks.
MASON & DAVIS Steel Ranges.

Agency American Field Fencing.
Agency Union Field Fencing.

Builders Hardware and Carpenters Tools.

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Glass, Putty.

Loaded Shells, with Black, Smokeless and Semi-Smokeless Powder

Amunition, Push Poles and Hunters Goods

Wood and Iron Pumps.
Lead and Iron Pipe and Fittings.

We carry the largest stock of
BLACK CAT HOSIERY
These goods are the standard of excellence. Our stock is complete in both woolen and cotton goods.

Best Equipped Tin Shop in the County.

Best Goods at Lowest Prices
AT THE
ANTIOCH : DEPARTMENT : STORE

Malone Pants--

Fit well, please every buyer and almost wear forever. Fall and winter stock now open.

A Mackintosh....
Is just the thing for these rainy gusty days. Keeps out wind and rain. WE SELL THEM CHEAP. Buy a Mackintosh

Hunting Coats and Caps.

Heavy Winter Coats and Slickers.

Agency for O. W. Richardson & Co.'s Carpets, Oilcloths and Piece Goods.

Parties having any chicken feed wheat for sale will do well to see Barker Lumber Co. 9w2

Cohn & Levin have increased their advertising space and have a very attractive list of prices which it will pay you to consult. Their stock is very complete and they would be pleased to have you call on them.

A. J. Felter visited his father and other relatives at Wolworth, Wisconsin, over Sunday. He reports his father as enjoying fair health for a man 89 years of age, and says he voted election day notwithstanding the storm.

FOR SALE OR RENT: The farm known as the Lewis Tyrrell farm of 78 acres, two miles south of Antioch. Possession given at once, if required. For particulars call on J. J. Burke, Antioch, or address: Albert H. Tyrrell, 79 Dearborn St., Chicago. 6tf

The ladies of the Antioch Hillside Cemetery Association will give a chrysanthemum show at the Opera House Wednesday, Nov 21, in the afternoon and evening, for the benefit of the cemetery. This will be something new in this locality, although a popular fad in many places.

Mrs. M. E. Oliver, of Clyde, Ill., a former teacher of Chicago in oil painting and china decorating, will visit and call on the ladies of Antioch next week soliciting work and is desirous of forming a class if enough pupils can be secured to make it an object. We know the lady to be a competent instructor as she has had years of experience and has studied under prominent masters. She will be supplied with samples of her work and will be pleased to show them. Mrs. Oliver will make her residence with Mrs. Geo. Sutton.

The ladies of the Antioch Hillside Cemetery Association are to be congratulated upon the excellent showing made in improvements in the cemetery during the past year, new gravel walks having been laid out, burial lots and graves nicely sodded, plants, flowers and shrubs set out and the entire grounds cleared of weeds and other refuse matter. Our "city of the dead," as it appeared to a representative of this paper last Sunday, is indeed a worthy recepticle of those who repose in it, and the enterprising ladies of the Cemetery Association are worthy the highest commendation for the results attained.

Many people worry because they believe they have heart disease. The chances are that their hearts are all right but their stomachs are unable to digest food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and prevents the formation of gas which makes the stomach press against the heart. It will cure every form of indigestion. W. T. Hill.

Annual Fire Insurance Assessment.

The directors of the Millburn Mutual Insurance Company have levied on all members an assessment for 1900 of five dollars ($5.00) on each one thousand dollars insured to pay losses amounting to $11,934.90 that have occured during the year. Said assessment will be due and called for thirty days after date. Please be prompt in paying assessment to treasurer.

JOHN A. THAN, Secretary.
Millburn, Nov. 3, 1900. 10w2

Saved from Unintentional Self-Praise.

The Buffalo Cemmercial tells this anecdote about General Grosvenor: "Some of his hearers at Convention hall the other night noted with quiet enjoyment the readiness with which he pulled up and saved himself from one of those little embarrassing things one would rather have left unsaid. He began: 'I realize that it is now 9 o'clock, and there is another di—another gentleman, a gentleman of distinction, who will speak to you later, etc.' Of course, the conventional phrase, 'another distinguished gentleman,' was on his tongue's end, but before the first syllable was fairly formed he 'got together' and gave the other gentleman the monopoly of distinction, as all distinguished gentlemen are expected to do."

Brave Explorers

Like Stanley and Livingstone, found it harder to overcome Malaria, Fever and Ague, and Typhoid disease germs than savage cannibals; but thousands have found that Electric bitters is a wonderful cure for all malarial diseases. If you have chills with fever, aches in the back of neck and head, and tired, worn-out feeling, a trial will convince you of their merit. W. A. Null, of Webb, Ill., writes: "My children suffered for more than a year with chills and fever; then two bottles of Electric Bitters cured them." Only 50c. Try them. Guaranteed. Sold by druggists.

Wrong Envelope Carried Mixed Advice.

Letters from two subscribers were received by a Kansas editor on the same day—one correspondent asking for advice in the matter of raising twins, and the other requesting advice as to how he should rid his orchard of grasshoppers. The editor forwarded the answers by mail, but mixed the envelopes. As a result the proud father of twins received this answer: "Cover them carefully with straw, and set fire to it, and the little pests, after jumping in the flames a few minutes, will be speedily settled." And the man with the grasshoppers was told to "give them castor oil and rub their gums with a bone."

Six Frightful Failures

Six terrible failures of six different doctors nearly sent Wm. H. Mullen, of Lockland, O., to an early grave. All said that he had a fatal lung trouble and must soon die. But he was urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. After taking five bottles he was entirely cured. It is positively guaranteed to cure all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, including Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Croup, Whooping Cough. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at drug store.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned having rented his farm for a term of years, will sell without reserve, on the premises, ½ mile west of Loon Lake platform. Tuesday, Nov. 22, at one o'clock p. m. sharp, the following property: Ten choice cows, 2 new milkers, 5 two-year-old heifers, two-year-old fat heifer. 15 yearlings, coming two years old, 1 bull, 11 calves from six to nine months old, 40 tons tame hay, mostly in the barn, 800 bushels of oats. No traps to bother; come promptly at one o'clock. Terms 12 months with 6 per cent. interest. Thos. Armstrong prop. H. D. Hughes, auct.

Communicating from a Balloon.

A new method has been discovered whereby balloonists may communicate while at an altitude of over 6,000 feet with those on the ground. The method consists of a huge drum placed some fifty feet below the car which is beaten by electricity. The dots and dashes of the Morse telegraphic code have been adopted with complete success. This will prove a great advantage in warfare. Hitherto balloons have been limited to an ascension of 1,000 to 1,500 feet, on account of their telegraphic wires, and have thus been unable to escape the range of fire.

There is no pleasure in life if you dread going to the table to eat and can't rest at night on account of indigestion. Henry Williams, of Boonville, Ind., says he suffered that way for years, till he commenced the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and adds, "Now I can eat anything I like and all I want and sleep soundly every night." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. W. T. Hill.

Japs and Yankees at the Head.

"I have seen here," writes a Haskell county boy from Pekin, "the soldiers of nearly every country on earth. The straightest and most military looking are the Hindoos from India, but for service the Japs and the Americans are about on top. The Japanese are the finest little people I ever met, and they think the American soldiers are all right. We have great times with them, trying to talk to them and they are anxious to learn the English language."—Kansas City Journal.

The Nickel Plate Road

will sell tickets within a distance of 150 miles, November 28th and 29th, at a rate of one fare and a third for the round trip, account of Thanksgiving day. Return limit November 30th.

This road has three through trains daily to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston, carrying vestibuled sleeping cars and affording excellent dining car service, individual club meals being served, ranging in price from 35 cents to one dollar. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago, for reservation of sleeping car accommodations. Chicago Passenger Station Van-Buren street and Pacific avenue., on the elevated loop. City Ticket Office 111 Adams Street. 9w5

When you want prompt acting little pills that never gripe use DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. T. Hill.

If you have ever seen a child in the agony of croup you can realize how grateful mothers are for One Minute Cough Cure which gives relief as soon as it is administered. It quickly cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. W. T. Hill.

Cheerfulness Buoys Us Up.

Cheerfulness is a duty we owe to others. There is an old tradition that a cup of gold is to be found wherever a rainbow touches the earth, and there are some people whose smile, the sound of whose voice, whose every presence seems like a ray of sunshine to turn everything they touch into gold. Men never break down as long as they can keep cheerful. "A merry heart is a continual feast to others beside itself." The shadow of Florence Nightingale cured more than her medicines, and if we share the burden of others, we lighten our own.—Lord Avebury.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will quickly heal the worst burns and scalds and not leave a scar. It can be applied to cuts and raw surfaces with prompt and soothing effect. Use it for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. W. T. Hill.

Lawyer's Sally Outwits Court.

A joke was once perpetrated in the supreme court when Thomas Wilson of Washington was arguing. Mr. Wilson was arguing a case of some importance. He was dwelling upon propositions that were known to and accepted by every law student in the country when he was interrupted by the late Justice Miller, saying: "Can not the counsel safely assume that this court understands the rudiments of law?" "I made that mistake in the lower court," reported Mr. Wilson, "or this case would not have been here on appeal."—Chicago Record.

Girl Steamboat Pilot.

Miss Ionia Ivan Roe recently passed the government examination for a steamboat pilot's license. For sixteen years she has accompanied her father on his yachting tours, and her papers show that she has seen sixteen years' service at the wheel and has served on three vessels. These were the yachts Telephone, Fast Mail and Mystery, owned by her father, C. C. Roe, of Buffalo.

Some Reasons
Why You Should Insist on Having
EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Unequaled by any other.
Renders hard leather soft.
Especially prepared.
Keeps out water.
A heavy bodied oil.
HARNESS
An excellent preservative.
Reduces cost of your harness.
Never burns the leather; its
Efficiency is increased.
Secures best service.
Stitches kept from breaking.
OIL
Is sold in all Localities
Manufactured by Standard Oil Company.